

SWITCHING  
N- AND P-CHANNEL POWER MOS FET  
INDUSTRIAL USE

DESCRIPTION

The  $\mu$ PA1792 is N- and P-Channel MOS Field Effect Transistors designed for Motor Drive application of HDD and so on.

FEATURES

• Low on-resistance

N-Channel  $R_{DS(on)1} = 26 \text{ m}\Omega \text{ MAX.}$  ( $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$ ,  $I_D = 3.4 \text{ A}$ )

$R_{DS(on)2} = 36 \text{ m}\Omega \text{ MAX.}$  ( $V_{GS} = 4.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $I_D = 3.4 \text{ A}$ )

$R_{DS(on)3} = 42 \text{ m}\Omega \text{ MAX.}$  ( $V_{GS} = 4.0 \text{ V}$ ,  $I_D = 3.4 \text{ A}$ )

P-Channel  $R_{DS(on)1} = 36 \text{ m}\Omega \text{ MAX.}$  ( $V_{GS} = -10 \text{ V}$ ,  $I_D = -2.9 \text{ A}$ )

$R_{DS(on)2} = 54 \text{ m}\Omega \text{ MAX.}$  ( $V_{GS} = -4.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $I_D = -2.9 \text{ A}$ )

$R_{DS(on)3} = 65 \text{ m}\Omega \text{ MAX.}$  ( $V_{GS} = -4.0 \text{ V}$ ,  $I_D = -2.9 \text{ A}$ )

• Low input capacitance

N-Channel  $C_{iss} = 760 \text{ pF TYP.}$

P-Channel  $C_{iss} = 900 \text{ pF TYP.}$

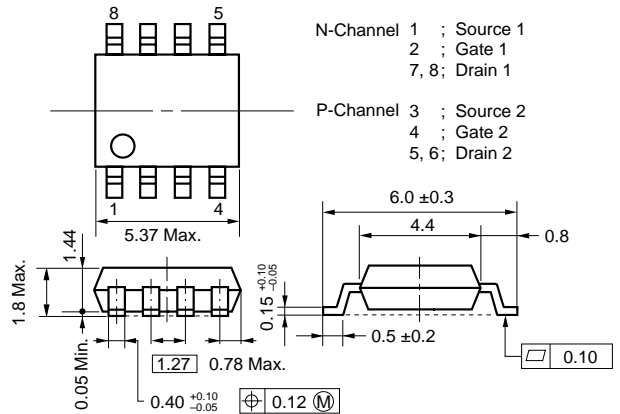
• Built-in G-S protection diode

• Small and surface mount package (Power SOP8)

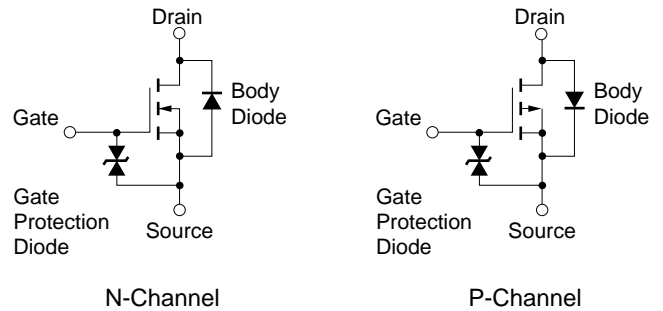
ORDERING INFORMATION

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE
$\mu$ PA1792G	Power SOP8

PACKAGE DRAWING (Unit : mm)



EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT



**Remark** The diode connected between the gate and source of the transistor serves as a protector against ESD. When this device actually used, an additional protection circuit is externally required if a voltage exceeding the rated voltage may be applied to this device.

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**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C, All terminals are connected.)**

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	N-CHANNEL	P-CHANNEL	UNIT
Drain to Source Voltage (V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V)	V <sub>DSS</sub>	30	-30	V
Gate to Source Voltage (V <sub>DS</sub> = 0 V)	V <sub>GSS</sub>	± 20	∓ 20	V
Drain Current (DC)	I <sub>D(DC)</sub>	± 6.8	∓ 5.8	A
Drain Current (pulse) <sup>Note1</sup>	I <sub>D(pulse)</sub>	± 27.2	∓ 23.2	A
Total Power Dissipation (1 unit) <sup>Note2</sup>	P <sub>T</sub>	1.7		W
Total Power Dissipation (2 unit) <sup>Note2</sup>	P <sub>T</sub>	2.0		W
Channel Temperature	T <sub>ch</sub>	150		°C
Storage Temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-55 to +150		°C

**Notes 1.** PW ≤ 10 μs, Duty Cycle ≤ 1%

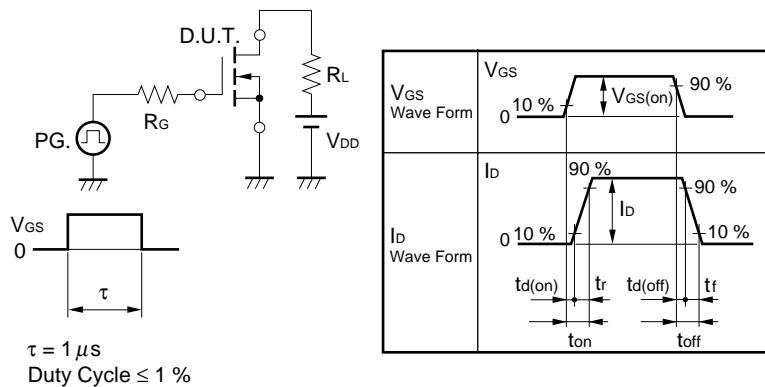
**2.** Mounted on ceramic substrate of 2000 mm<sup>2</sup> × 1.6 mm, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C, All terminals are connected.)**

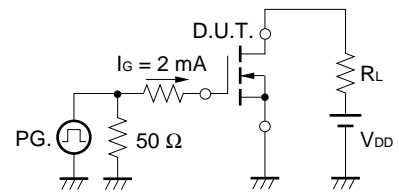
**N-CHANNEL**

CHARACTERISTICS	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Drain to Source On-state Resistance	R <sub>DS(on)1</sub>	V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 3.4 A		20.5	26	mΩ
	R <sub>DS(on)2</sub>	V <sub>GS</sub> = 4.5 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 3.4 A		27	36	mΩ
	R <sub>DS(on)3</sub>	V <sub>GS</sub> = 4.0 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 3.4 A		31	42	mΩ
Gate to Source Cut-off Voltage	V <sub>GS(off)</sub>	V <sub>DS</sub> = 10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 1 mA	1.5	2.1	2.5	V
Forward Transfer Admittance	y <sub>fs</sub>	V <sub>DS</sub> = 10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 3.4 A	3.0	7.5		S
Drain Leakage Current	I <sub>DSS</sub>	V <sub>DS</sub> = 30 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V			10	μA
Gate to Source Leakage Current	I <sub>GSS</sub>	V <sub>GS</sub> = ±16 V, V <sub>DS</sub> = 0 V			±10	μA
Input Capacitance	C <sub>iss</sub>	V <sub>DS</sub> = 10 V		760		pF
Output Capacitance	C <sub>oss</sub>	V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V		250		pF
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C <sub>rss</sub>	f = 1 MHz		95		pF
Turn-on Delay Time	t <sub>d(on)</sub>	I <sub>D</sub> = 3.4 A		20		ns
Rise Time	t <sub>r</sub>	V <sub>GS(on)</sub> = 10 V		140		ns
Turn-off Delay Time	t <sub>d(off)</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> = 15 V		50		ns
Fall Time	t <sub>f</sub>	R <sub>G</sub> = 10 Ω		30		ns
Total Gate Charge	Q <sub>G</sub>	I <sub>D</sub> = 6.8 A		14		nC
Gate to Source Charge	Q <sub>GS</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> = 24 V		2		nC
Gate to Drain Charge	Q <sub>GD</sub>	V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V		5		nC
Body Diode Forward Voltage	V <sub>F(S-D)</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> = 6.8 A, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V		0.86		V
Reverse Recovery Time	t <sub>rr</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> = 6.8 A, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V		30		ns
Reverse Recovery Charge	Q <sub>rr</sub>	di/dt = 100 A / μs		20		nC

**TEST CIRCUIT 1 SWITCHING TIME**



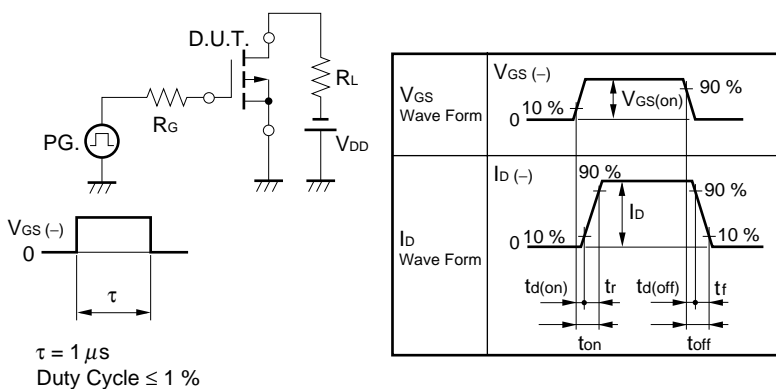
**TEST CIRCUIT 2 GATE CHARGE**



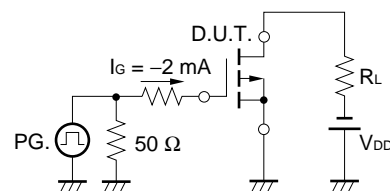
**P-CHANNEL**

CHARACTERISTICS	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Drain to Source On-state Resistance	$R_{DS(on)1}$	$V_{GS} = -10\text{ V}, I_D = -2.9\text{ A}$		30	36	mΩ
	$R_{DS(on)2}$	$V_{GS} = -4.5\text{ V}, I_D = -2.9\text{ A}$		43	54	mΩ
	$R_{DS(on)3}$	$V_{GS} = -4.0\text{ V}, I_D = -2.9\text{ A}$		49	65	mΩ
Gate to Source Cut-off Voltage	$V_{GS(off)}$	$V_{DS} = -10\text{ V}, I_D = -1\text{ mA}$	-1.5	-2.0	-2.5	V
Forward Transfer Admittance	$ y_{fs} $	$V_{DS} = -10\text{ V}, I_D = -2.9\text{ A}$	3.5	8.0		S
Drain Leakage Current	$I_{DSS}$	$V_{DS} = -30\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$			-1	μA
Gate to Source Leakage Current	$I_{GSS}$	$V_{GS} = \mp 16\text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0\text{ V}$			$\mp 10$	μA
Input Capacitance	$C_{iss}$	$V_{DS} = -10\text{ V}$		900		pF
Output Capacitance	$C_{oss}$	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$		300		pF
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$C_{rss}$	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$		120		pF
Turn-on Delay Time	$t_{d(on)}$	$I_D = -2.9\text{ A}$		23		ns
Rise Time	$t_r$	$V_{GS(on)} = -10\text{ V}$		220		ns
Turn-off Delay Time	$t_{d(off)}$	$V_{DD} = -15\text{ V}$		90		ns
Fall Time	$t_f$	$R_G = 10\ \Omega$		70		ns
Total Gate Charge	$Q_G$	$I_D = -5.8\text{ A}$		17		nC
Gate to Source Charge	$Q_{GS}$	$V_{DD} = -24\text{ V}$		2.5		nC
Gate to Drain Charge	$Q_{GD}$	$V_{GS} = -10\text{ V}$		4.0		nC
Body Diode Forward Voltage	$V_{F(S-D)}$	$I_F = 5.8\text{ A}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$		0.85		V
Reverse Recovery Time	$t_{rr}$	$I_F = 5.8\text{ A}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$		40		ns
Reverse Recovery Charge	$Q_{rr}$	$di/dt = 100\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$		30		nC

**TEST CIRCUIT 1 SWITCHING TIME**



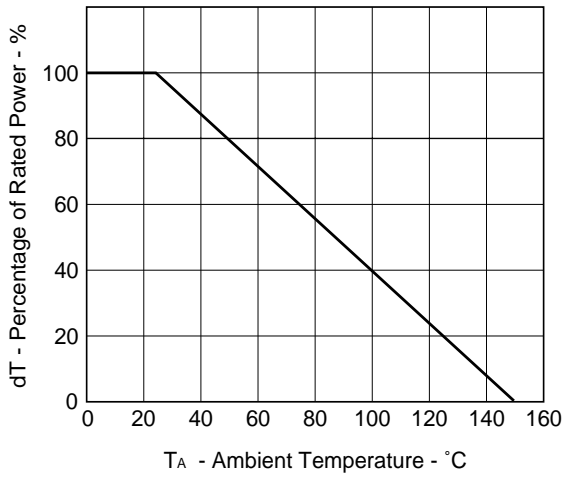
**TEST CIRCUIT 2 GATE CHARGE**



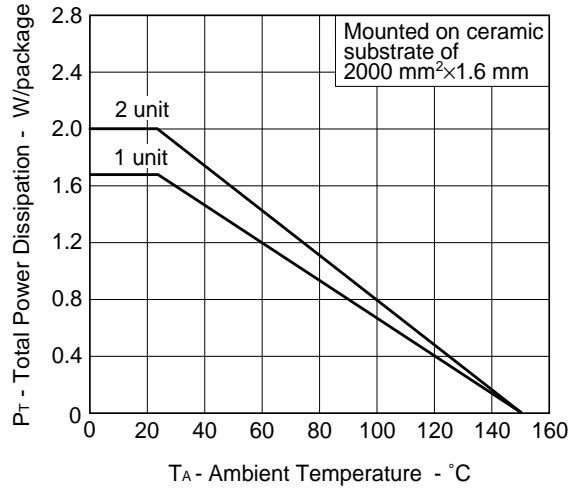
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C)

A) N-Channel

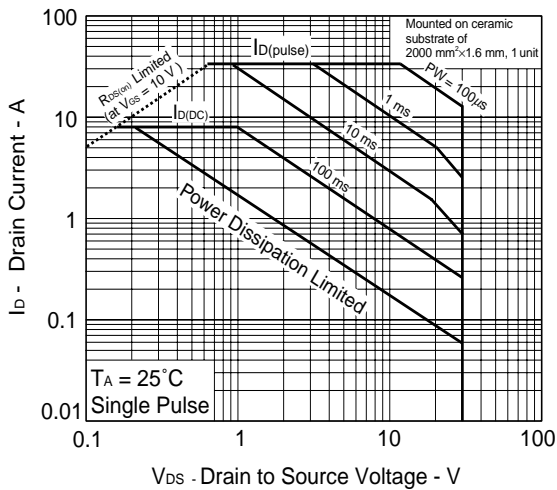
DERATING FACTOR OF FORWARD BIAS SAFE OPERATING AREA



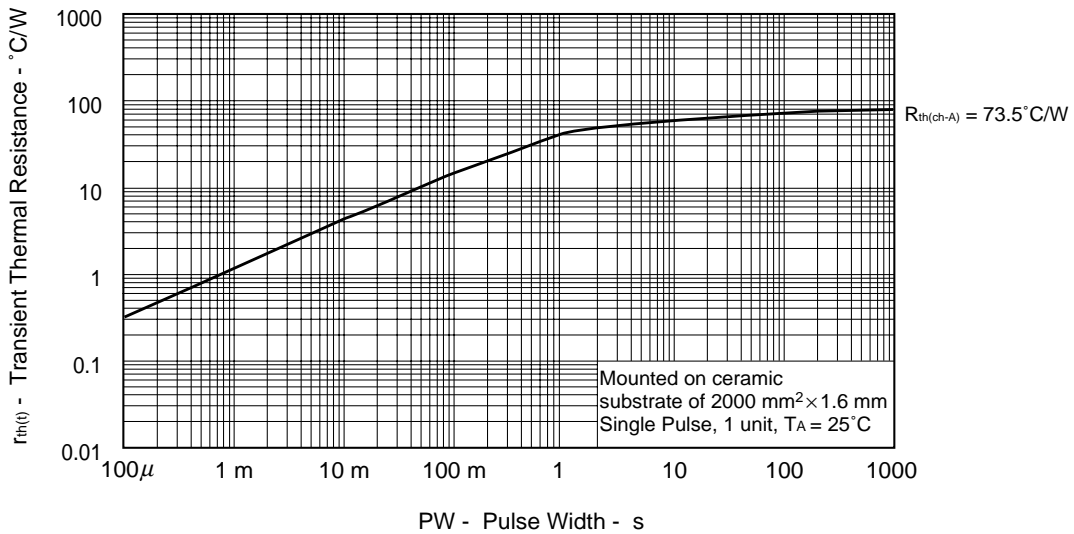
TOTAL POWER DISSIPATION vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



★ FORWARD BIAS SAFE OPERATING AREA

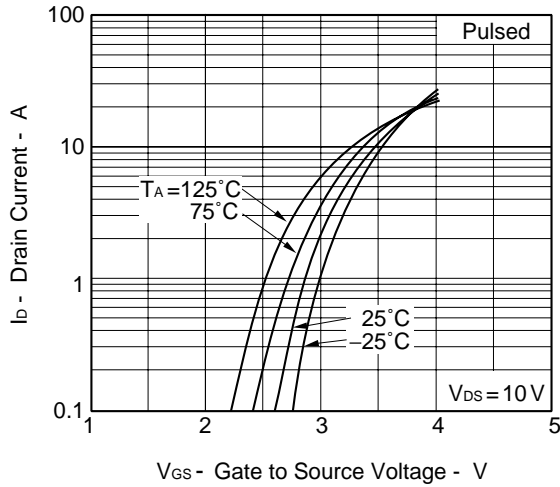


TRANSIENT THERMAL RESISTANCE vs. PULSE WIDTH

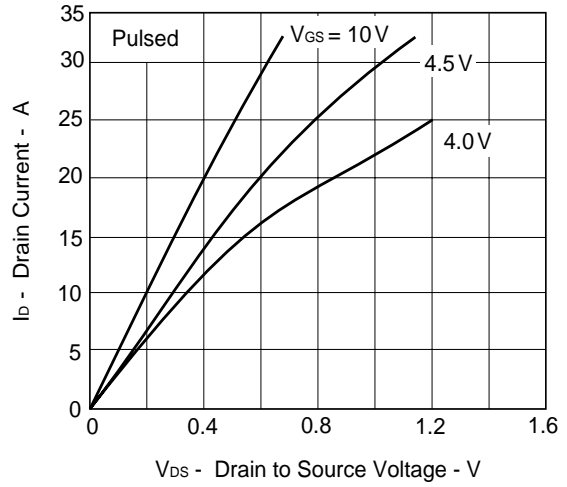


A) N-Channel

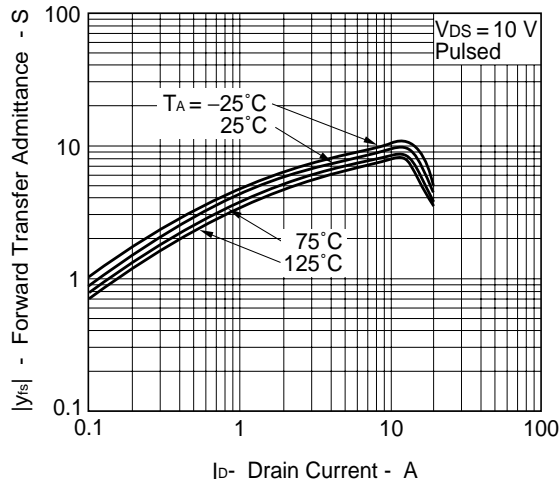
FORWARD TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS



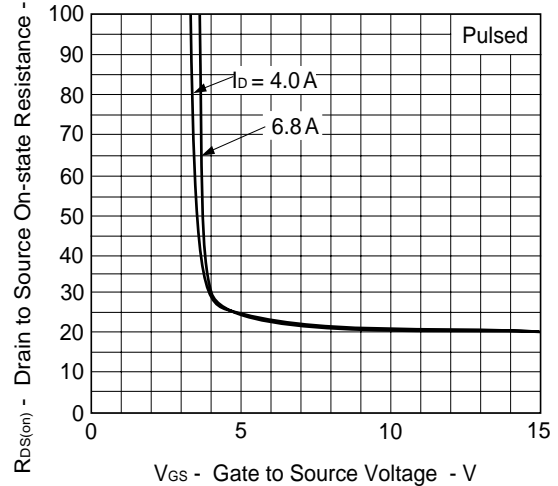
DRAIN CURRENT vs. DRAIN TO SOURCE VOLTAGE



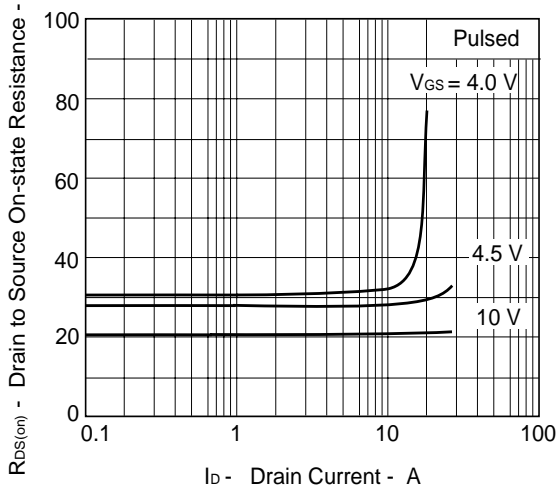
FORWARD TRANSFER ADMITTANCE vs. DRAIN CURRENT



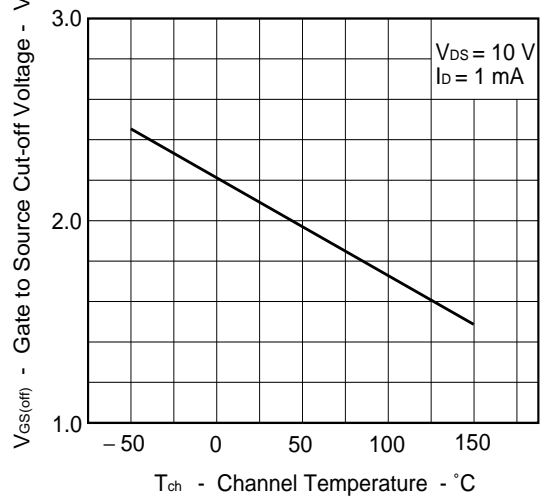
DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs. GATE TO SOURCE VOLTAGE



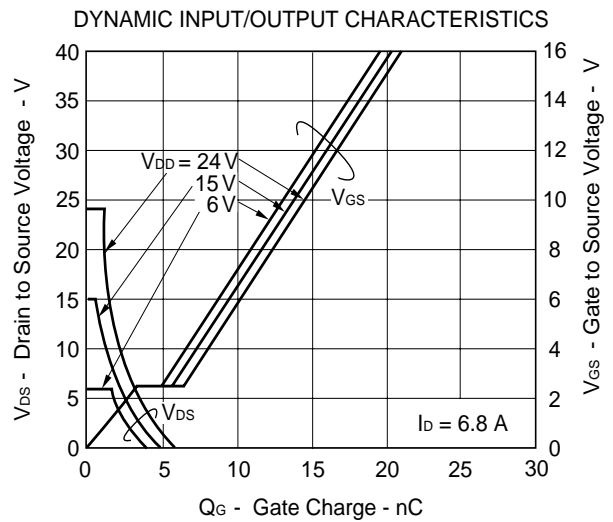
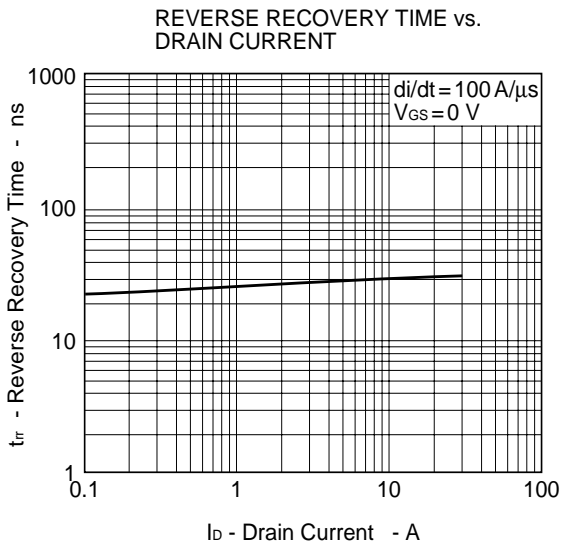
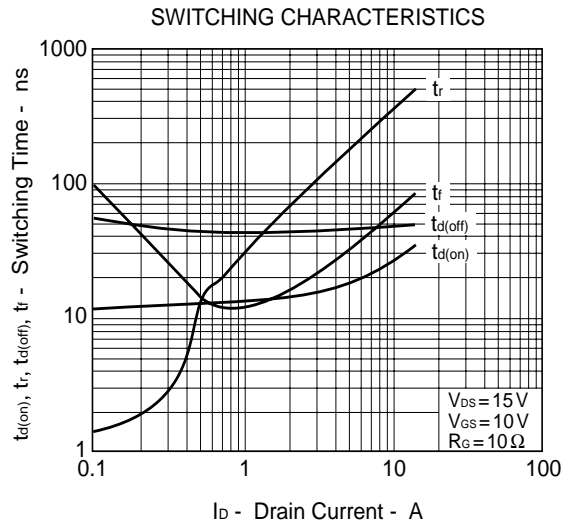
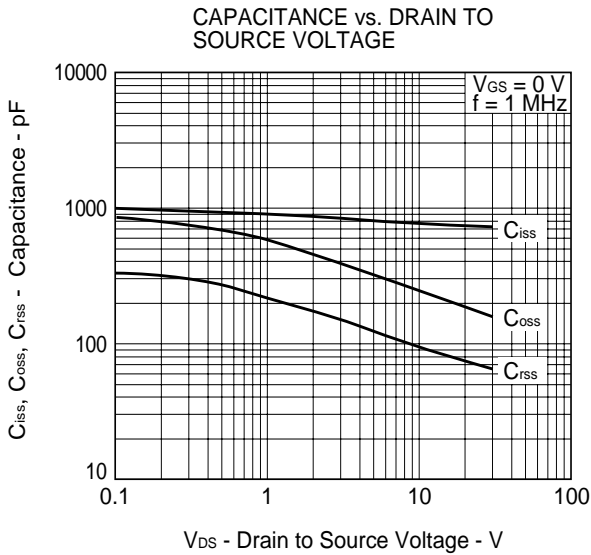
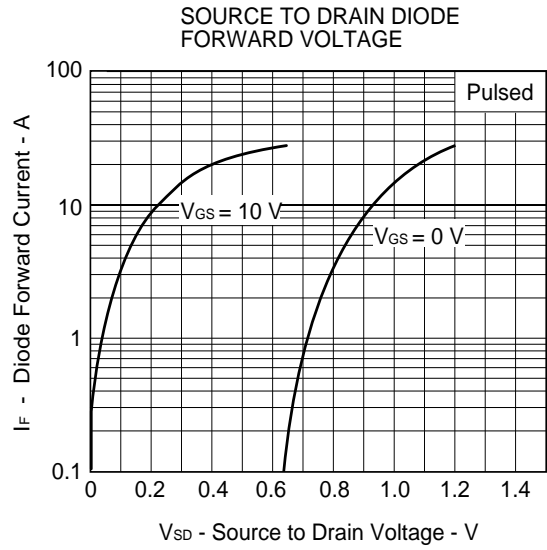
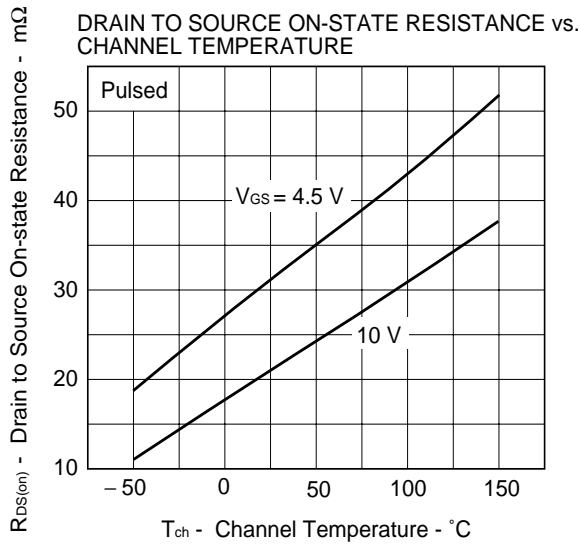
DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs. DRAIN CURRENT



GATE TO SOURCE CUT-OFF VOLTAGE vs. CHANNEL TEMPERATURE

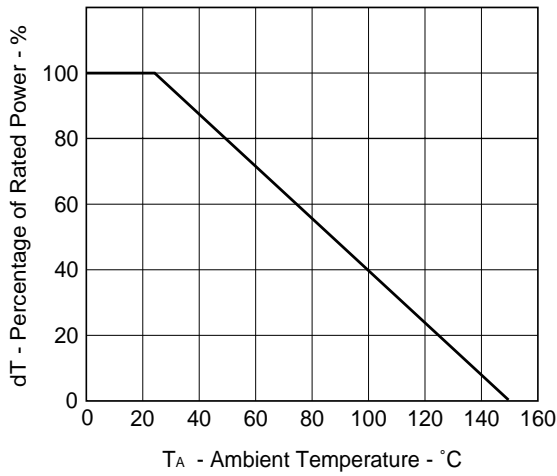


A) N-Channel

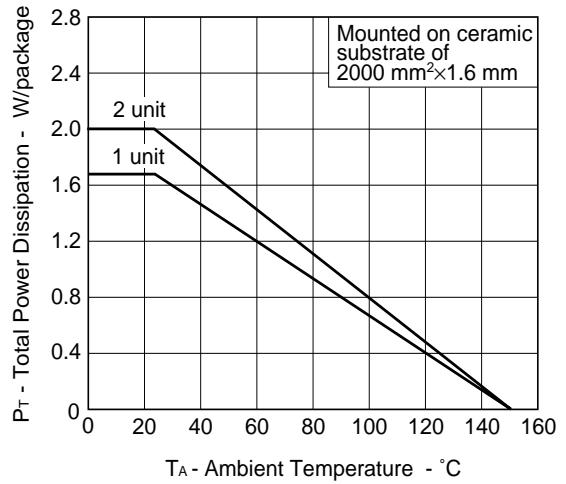


B) P-Channel

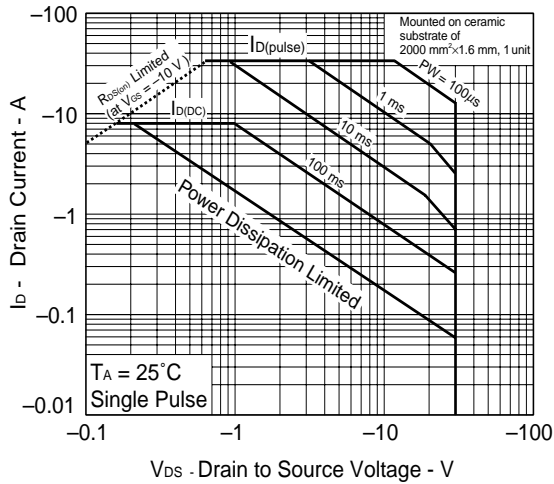
DERATING FACTOR OF FORWARD BIAS SAFE OPERATING AREA



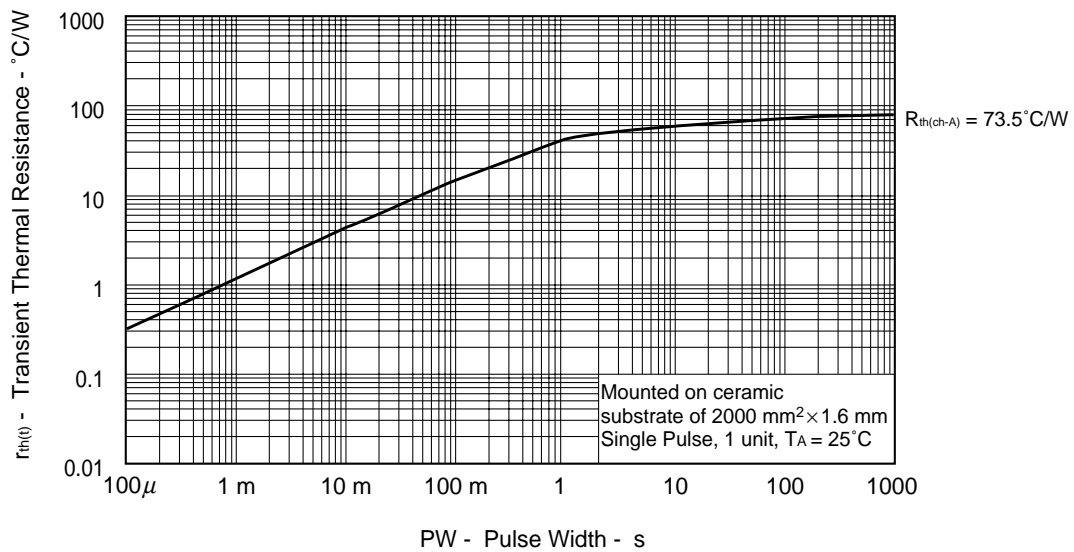
TOTAL POWER DISSIPATION vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



★ FORWARD BIAS SAFE OPERATING AREA

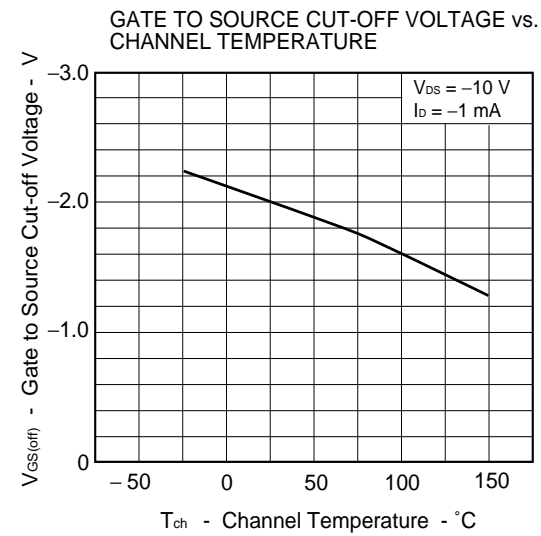
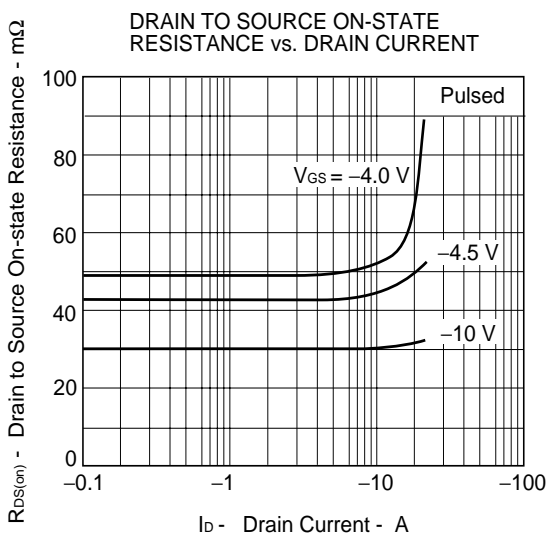
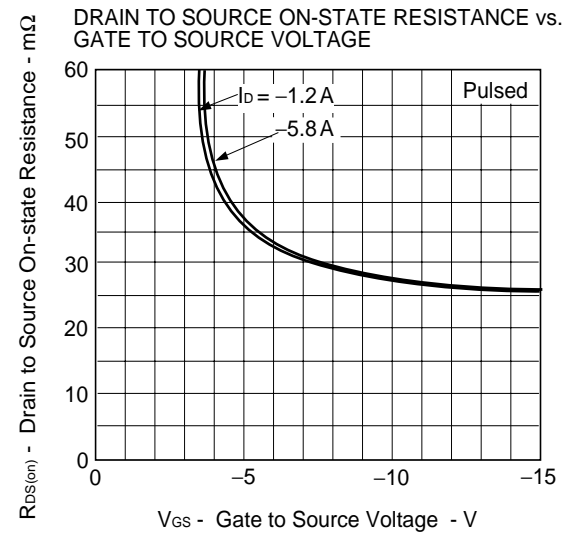
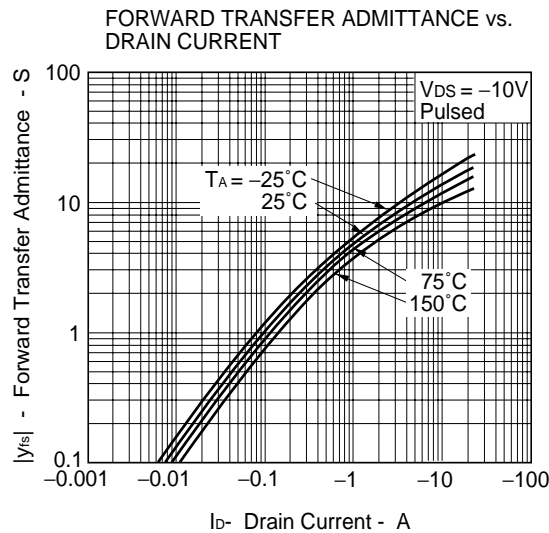
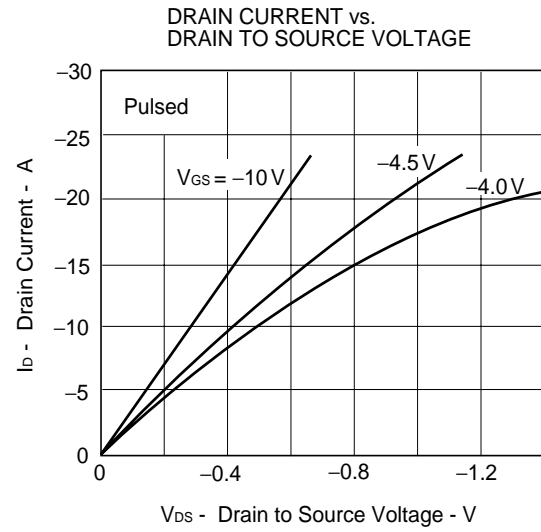
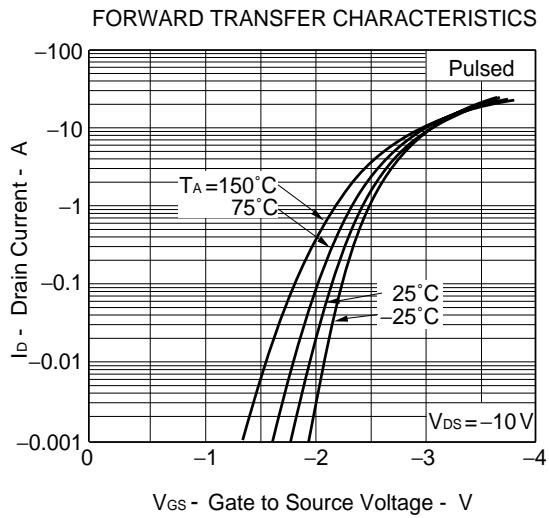


TRANSIENT THERMAL RESISTANCE vs. PULSE WIDTH



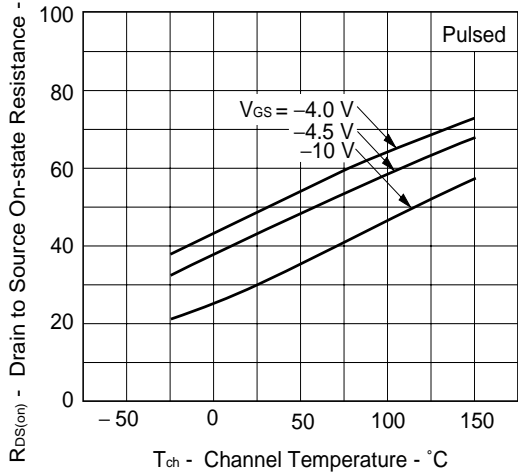


B) P-Channel

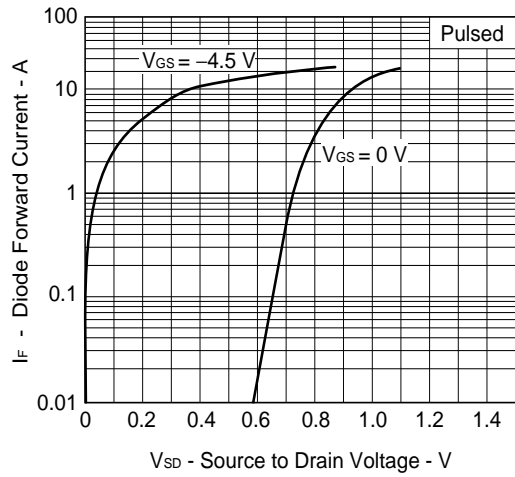


B) P-Channel

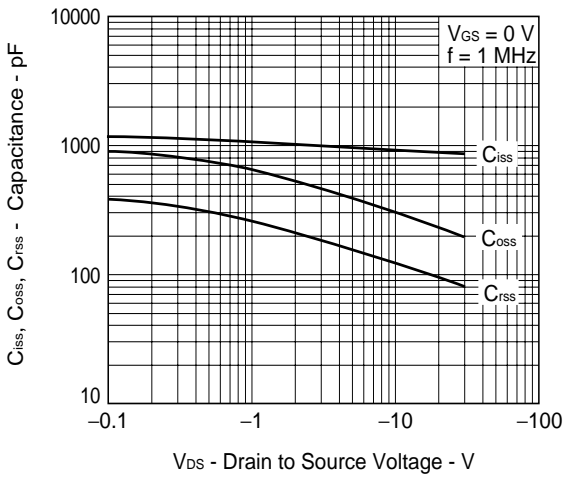
DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs. CHANNEL TEMPERATURE



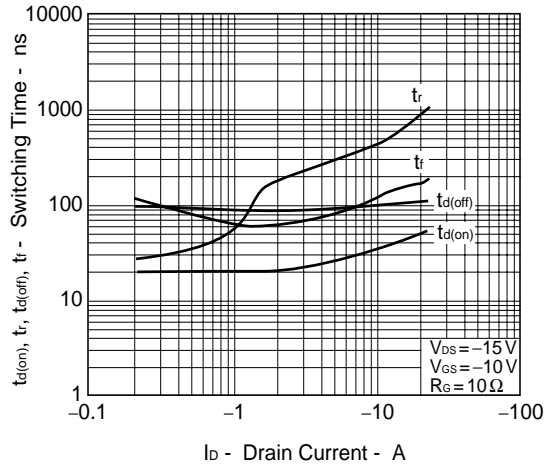
SOURCE TO DRAIN DIODE FORWARD VOLTAGE



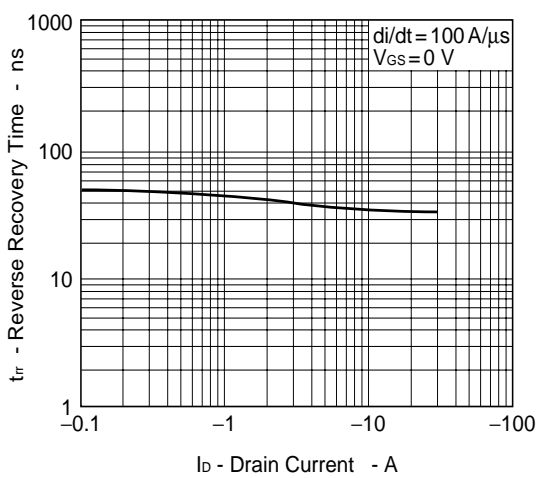
CAPACITANCE vs. DRAIN TO SOURCE VOLTAGE



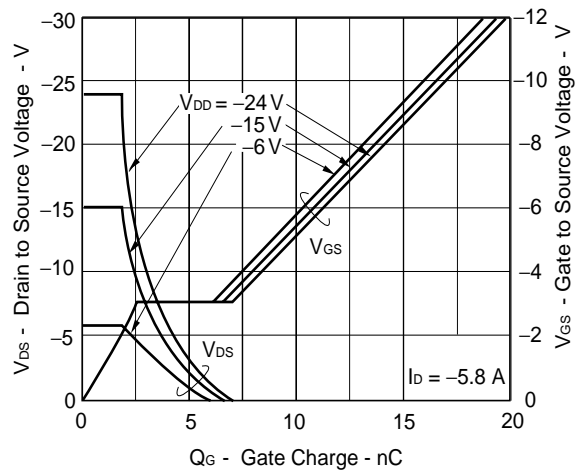
SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS



REVERSE RECOVERY TIME vs. DRAIN CURRENT



DYNAMIC INPUT/OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS



[MEMO]

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