



TPA6139A2 SLOS700B – JANUARY 2011 – REVISED JUNE 2012

DirectPath[™] 25-mW Headphone Amplifier With Programmable-Fixed Gain

Check for Samples: TPA6139A2

FEATURES

www.ti.com

- DirectPath[™]
 - Eliminates Pop/Clicks
 - Eliminates Output DC-Blocking Capacitors
 - 3 V to 3.6 V Supply voltage
- Low Noise and THD
 - SNR > 105 dB at -1x Gain
 - Typical Vn < 15 µVms 20-20kHz at -1x Gain
 - THD+N < 0.003% at 10kΩ Load and -1x Gain
- 25 mW into 600 Ω Load
- 2 Vrms Output Voltage into 5kΩ Load
- Single Ended Input and Output
- Programmable Gain Select Reduces Component Count
 - 13x Gain Values
- Active Mute With More Than 80dB Attenuation
- Short Circuit and Thermal Protection
- ±8kV HBM ESD Protected Outputs

APPLICATIONS

- PDP / LCD TV
- Blu-ray Disc[™], DVD Players
- Mini/Micro Combo Systems
- Soundcards

DESCRIPTION

The TPA6139A2PW is a 25mW Pop-Free stereo Head Phone driver designed to reduce component count, board space and cost. It is ideal for single supply electronics where size and cost are critical design parameters.

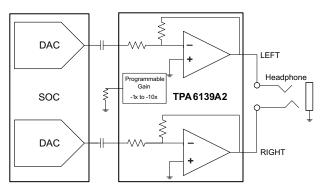
The TPA6139A2 does not require a power supply greater than 3.3V to generate its 25mW, nor does it require a split rail power supply.

Designed using TI's patented DIRECTPATHTM technology which integrates a charge pump to generate a negative supply rail that provides a clean, pop-free ground biased output. The TPA6139A2 is capable of driving 25mW into 32 Ω and 2Vms into a 600 Ω load. DIRECTPATH also allows the removal of the costly output DC-blocking capacitors.

The device has fixed gain single ended inputs with a gain select pin. Using a single resistor on this pin, the designer can choose from 13 internal programmable gain settings to match the line driver with the Codec output level. It also reduces the component count and board space.

Headphone outputs have ±8kV HBM ESD protection enabling a simple ESD protection circuit. The TPA6139A2 has built-in active mute control with more that 80dB attenuation for pop-free mute on/off control.

The TPA6139A2 is available in a 14-pin TSSOP and a 16-pin QFN. For a pin compatible 2vrms line driver see DRV612.



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet. DirectPath, DIRECTPATH are trademarks of Texas Instruments. Blu-ray Disc is a trademark of Blu-ray Disc Association.

SLOS700B – JANUARY 2011 – REVISED JUNE 2012



www.ti.com



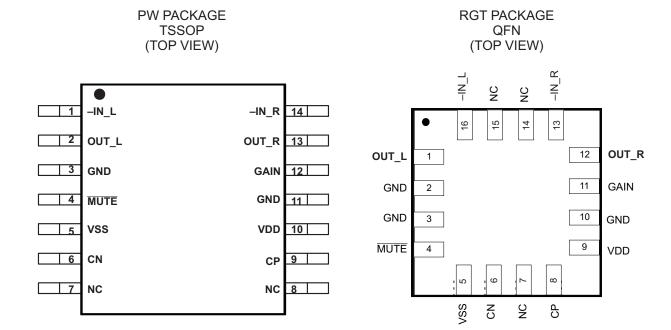
These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

GENERAL INFORMATION

PIN ASSIGNMENT

The TPA6139A2 is available in the:

- 14-pin TSSOP package (PW) or
- 16-pin QFN package (RGT)



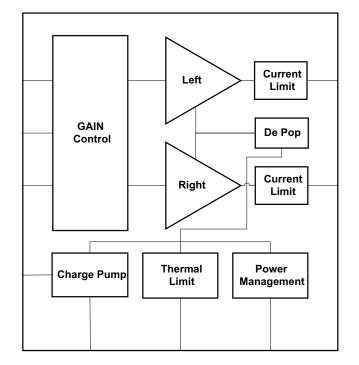
PIN FUNCTIONS

PIN			FUNCTION ⁽¹⁾	DESCRIPTION
NAME PW NO. RGT NO.				
-IN_L	1	16	I	Negative input, left channel
OUT_L	2	1	0	Output, left channel
GND	3, 11	2, 3, 10	Р	Ground
MUTE	4	4	I	MUTE, active low
VSS	5	5	0	Change Pump negative supply voltage
CN	6	6	I/O	Charge Pump flying capacitor negative connection
NC	7, 8	7. 14, 15		No internal connection
CP	9	8	I/O	Charge Pump flying capacitor positive connection
VDD	10	9	Р	Supply voltage, connect to positive supply
GAIN	12	11	I	Gain set programming pin; connect a resistor to ground. See Table 1 for recommended resistor values
OUT_R	13	12	0	Output, right channel
-IN_R	14	13	I	Negative input, right channel

(1) I = input, O = output, P = power



SYSTEM BLOCK DIAGRAM



ORDERING INFORMATION⁽¹⁾

T _A	PACKAGE	DESCRIPTION
-40°C to 85°C	TPA6139A2PW	14-pin TSSOP
-40°C to 85°C	TPA6139A2RGT	16-pin QFN

(1) For the most current package and ordering information, see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this document, or see the TI Web site at www.ti.com.

THERMAL INFORMATION

	THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾	TPA6139A2 PW (14-Pin)	TPA6139A2 RGT (16-Pin)	UNITS
θ_{JA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	130	52	
θ_{JCtop}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	49	71	
θ_{JB}	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	63	26	°C/W
ΨJT	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	3.6	3.0	°C/W
Ψ_{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	62	26	
θ_{JCbot}	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	N/A	9.8	

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the IC Package Thermal Metrics application report, SPRA953.

SLOS700B-JANUARY 2011-REVISED JUNE 2012



www.ti.com

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS⁽¹⁾

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		VALUE	UNIT	
VDD to GND		-0.3 to 4	V	
Input voltage, V _I		VSS-0.3 to VDD+0.3	V	
MUTE to GND -0.3 to VDD+0.3				
Maximum operating junc	tion temperature range, T _J	–40 to 150 °		
Storage temperature		-40 to 150		
Lead temperature		260	°C	
	OUT_L, OUT_R	8	kV	
ESD Protection – HBM	All other pins	2	kV	

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under recommended operating conditions is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

over operating free-air temperature range unless otherwise noted

			MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
VDD	Supply voltage	DC supply voltage	3.0	3.3	3.6	V
RL				5		kΩ
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage	MUTE	38	40	43	%PVDD
VIH	High-level input voltage	MUTE	57	60	66	%PVDD
T _A	Free-air temperature		-40	25	85	°C



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

VDD = 3.3V, $R_{Load} = 32\Omega$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, Charge pump: $C_{CP} = 1.0 \ \mu F$ (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V _{OS}	Output offset voltage	VDD = 3.3 V, input ac-coupled		0.5	1	mV
PSRR	Power-supply rejection ratio		70	80		dB
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	VDD = 3.3 V	3.1			V
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	VDD = 3.3 V			-3.05	V
Vuvp_on	PVDD, under voltage detection				2.8	V
Vuvp_hysteresis	PVDD, under voltage detection, hysteresis			200		mV
Fcp	Charge pump switching frequency			350		kHz
І _{ІН}	High-level input current, MUTE	$VDD = 3.3 V, V_{IH} = VDD$			1	μA
I _{IL}	Low-level input current, MUTE	VDD = 3.3 V, V _{IL} = 0 V			1	μA
I (VDD)	Supply current, no load	VDD, MUTE = 3.3 V		25		mA
	Supply current, MUTED	$VDD = 3.3 V, \overline{MUTE} = GND$		25		mA
Tsd	Thermal shutdown			150		°C
	Thermal shutdown hysteresis			15		°C
Po	Output Power, outputs in phase	THD+N = 1%, f = 1kHz, 32Ω load		25		mW
N/		THD+N = 1%, f = 1kHz, 32Ω load		0.9		V
Vo	Output Voltage, outputs in phase	THD+N = 1%, f = 1kHz, 600Ω load			V _{rms}	
THD+N	Total Harmonic distortion plus noise	f = 1kHz, 32Ω load, Po= 25mW, -1x gain		0.03%		
THD+N	Total Harmonic distortion plus noise	f = 1kHz, 10kΩload, Vo=2 Vrms, -1x gain	0	.005%		
ΔA _V	Gain matching	Between left and right channels		0.25		dB
Z _O	Output impedance when muted	MUTE = GND			1	Ω
	Input to output attenuation when muted	MUTE = GND		80		dB
SNR	Signal to noise ratio	A-weighted, AES17 filter, 1Vrms ref 32Ω load, -1x gain		99		dB
	Signal to noise ratio	A-weighted, AES17 filter, 2Vrms ref 600Ω load, -1x gain		105		dB
V _n	Noise voltage	A-weighted, AES17 filter, Gain=-2x		12		μV
	Slew rate			4.5		V/µs
Gbw	Unity Gain bandwidth			8		MHz
Crosstalk	Channel to channel	f = 1kHz, Rload = 32Ω, Po= 25mW		-85		dB
Vincm_pos	Positive Common mode input voltage			+2.0		V
Vincm_neg	Negative Common mode input voltage			-2.0		V
l _{lim}	Output current limit			60		mA

SLOS700B - JANUARY 2011 - REVISED JUNE 2012



www.ti.com

PROGRAMMABLE GAIN SETTINGS

 V_{DD} = 3.3 V, R_{load} = 32 k Ω , T_A = 25°C, Charge pump:= C_{CP} 1 μ F, C_{IN} = 1.0 μ F, 1 x gain select (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

	ETED	TEST CONDITIONS	TPA6139A2			
PARAM	ETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
R_Tol	Gain programming resistor tolerance				2%	
ΔA _V	Gain matching	Between left and right channels		0.25		dB
	Gain step tolerance			0.10		dB
		Gain resistor 2% tolerance				
		249k or higher		-2.0		
		82k0		-1.0		
	Gain steps	49k2		-1.5		
		35k1		-2.3		
		27k3		-2.5		
		20k5		-3.0		
Gain steps	15k4		-3.5		V٨	
	11k5		-4.0			
	9k09		-5.0			
		7k50	-5.6			I
		6k19		-6.4		
		5k11		-8.3		
		3k90		-10.0		
		Gain resistor 2% tolerance				
		249k or higher		37		
		82k0		55		
		49k2		44		
		35k1		33		
		27k3		31		
	Innutimpodonoo	20k5		28		kΩ
	Input impedance	15k4		24		KU2
		11k5		22		
	9k09		18			
		7k50		17		
		6k19		15		
		5k11		12		
		3k90		10.0		

(1) If pin 12, GAIN, is left floating an internal pull-up sets the gain to -2.0x Gain setting is latched during power-up

Copyright © 2011–2012, Texas Instruments Incorporated





TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS, LINE DRIVER

 V_{DD} = 3.3 V, T_A = 25°C, R_L = 2.5 k Ω , C_{PUMP} = $C_{(VSS)}$ = 10 µF, Gain Step = -2V/V (unless otherwise noted)

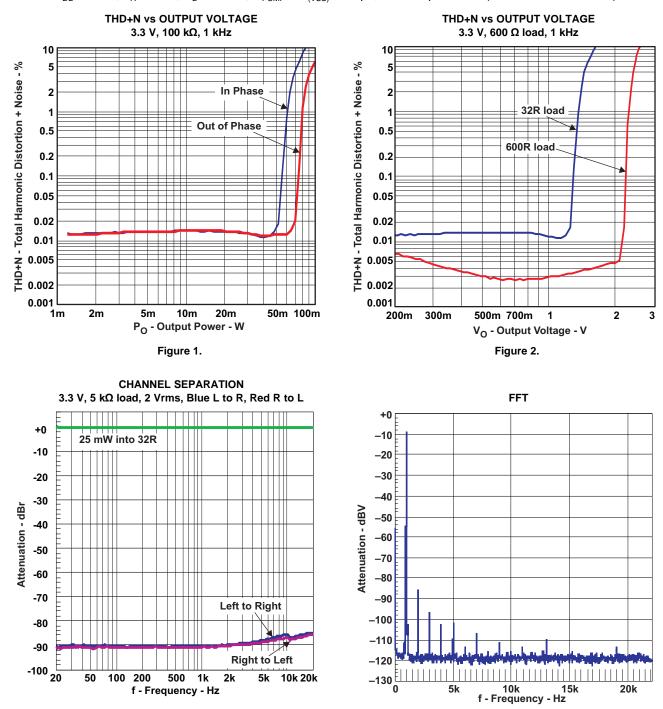




Figure 4.

SLOS700B-JANUARY 2011-REVISED JUNE 2012

Gain TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION vs vs FREQUENCY FREQUENCY 22 10 5 20 18 16 14 12 -10x gain Gain - dBr 10 -4x gain 8 6 4 -2x gain 2 0 0.002 0.001 -2 20 50 100 200 500 1k 2k 5k 10k 20k 20 100 200 1k 2k 10k 20k 100k 200k f - Frequency - Hz f - Frequency - Hz Figure 5. Figure 6. MUTE TO UN-MUTE **UN-MUTE TO MUTE** M 4.0ms 1.25MS/s A Ch1 / 1.72Y M 4.0ms 1.25MS/s A Ch1 \sqc 1.72Y Ch2 1.07 800ns/pt Ch2 1.07 800ns/pt Figure 7. Figure 8.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS, LINE DRIVER (continued)

 V_{DD} = 3.3 V, T_A = 25°C, R_L = 2.5 k Ω , C_{PUMP} = $C_{(VSS)}$ = 10 μ F, Gain Step = -2V/V (unless otherwise noted)

www.ti.com



APPLICATION INFORMATION

LINE DRIVER AMPLIFIERS

Single-supply line-driver amplifiers typically require dc-blocking capacitors. The top drawing in Figure 9 illustrates the conventional line-driver amplifier connection to the load and output signal.

DC blocking capacitors are often large in value, and a mute circuit is needed during power up to minimize click and pop. The output capacitor and mute circuit consume PCB area and increase cost of assembly, and can reduce the fidelity of the audio output signal.

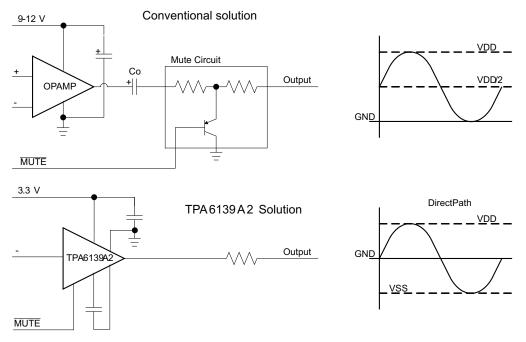


Figure 9. Conventional and DirectPath Line Driver

The DirectPath[™] amplifier architecture operates from a single supply but makes use of an internal charge pump to provide a negative voltage rail.

Combining the user-provided positive rail and the negative rail generated by the IC, the device operates in what is effectively a split supply mode.

The output voltages are now centered at zero volts with the capability to swing to the positive rail or negative rail. Combining this with the built-in click and pop reduction circuit, the DirectPath[™] amplifier requires no output dc blocking capacitors.

The bottom block diagram and waveform of Figure 9 illustrate the ground-referenced line-driver architecture. This is the architecture of the TPA6139A2.

SLOS700B – JANUARY 2011 – REVISED JUNE 2012

COMPONENT SELECTION

Charge Pump

The charge pump flying capacitor serves to transfer charge during the generation of the negative supply voltage. The VSS capacitor must be at least equal to the charge pump capacitor in order to allow maximum charge transfer. Low ESR capacitors are an ideal selection, and a value of 1μ F is typical. Capacitor values that are smaller than 1μ F cannot be recommended as it limits the negative voltage swing in low impedance loads.

Decoupling Capacitors

The TPA6139A2 is a DirectPath[™] amplifier that requires adequate power supply decoupling to ensure that the noise and total harmonic distortion (THD) are low. A good low equivalent-series-resistance (ESR) ceramic capacitor, typically 1µF, placed as close as possible to the device VDD leads works best. Placing this decoupling capacitor close to the TPA6139A2 is important for the performance of the amplifier. For filtering lower frequency noise signals, a 10-µF or greater capacitor placed near the audio power amplifier also helps, but it is not required in most applications because of the high PSRR of this device.

Gain-Setting

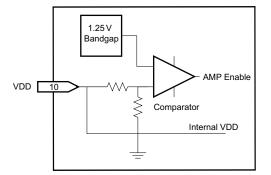
The gain setting is programmed with the GAIN pin individually for line driver and headphone section. Gain setting is latched when the MUTE pin is set high. Table 1 lists the gain settings. The default gain with the gain-set pin left open is -2x.

rabio il calli collinge									
Gain_set RESISTOR	GAIN	GAIN (dB)	INPUT RESISTANCE						
No connect	-2.0x	6.0	37k						
82k0	-1.0x	0.0	55k						
49k2	-1.5x	3.5	44k						
35k1	-2.3x	7.2	33k						
27k3	-2.5x	8.0	31k						
20k5	-3.0x	9.5	28k						
15k4	-3.5x	10.9	24k						
11k5	-4.0x	12.0	22k						
9k09	-5.0x	14.0	18k						
7k50	-5.6x	15.0	17k						
6k19	-6.4x	16.1	15k						
5k11	-8.3x	18.4	12k						
3k90	-10x	20.0	10k						

Table 1. Gain Settings

Internal Under Voltage Detection

The TPA6139A2 contains an internal precision band gap reference voltage and a comparator used to monitor the supply voltage, VDD. The internal VDD monitor is set at 2.8V with 200mV hysteresis.





Input-Blocking Capacitors

TPA6139A2 SLOS700B – JANUARY 2011 – REVISED JUNE 2012

DC input-blocking capacitors are required to be added in series with the audio signal into the input pins of the TPA6139A2. These capacitors block the dc portion of the audio source and allow the TPA6139A2 inputs to be properly biased to provide maximum performance. The input blocking capacitors also limit the DC gain to 1, limiting the DC-offset voltage at the output.

These capacitors form a high-pass filter with the input resistor, R_{IN} . The cutoff frequency is calculated using Equation 1. For this calculation, the capacitance used is the input-blocking capacitor and the resistance is the input resistor chosen from Table 1. Then the frequency and/or capacitance can be determined when one of the two values is given.

$$fc_{IN} = \frac{1}{2\pi R_{IN} C_{IN}}$$
 or $C_{IN} = \frac{1}{2\pi f c_{IN} R_{IN}}$ (1)

For a fixed cutoff frequency of 2Hz the size of the input capacitance is shown in the table below with the capacitors rounded up to nearest E6 values. For 20Hz cutoff simply divide the capacitor values with 10; e.g., for 1x gain, 150nF is needed.

Gain_set RESISTOR	GAIN	Gain (dB)	INPUT RESISTANCE	2 Hz Cutoff
249k	-2.0x	6.0	37k	2.2 µF
82k0	-1.0x	0.0	55k	1.5 µF
49k2	-1.5x	3.5	44k	2.2 µF
35k1	-2.3x	7.2	33k	3.3 µF
27k3	-2.5x	8.0	31k	3.3 µF
20k5	-3.0x	9.5	28k	3.3 µF
15k4	-3.5x	10.9	24k	3.3 µF
11k5	-4.0x	12.0	22k	4.7 μF
9k09	-5.0x	14.0	18k	4.7 μF
7k50	-5.6x	15.0	17k	4.7 μF
6k19	-6.4x	16.1	15k	6.8 µF
5k11	-8.3x	18.4	12k	6.8 µF
3k90	-10x	20.0	10k	10 µF

Table 2. Input Capacitor for Different Gain and Cutoff

Pop-Free Power Up

Pop-free power up is ensured by keeping the $\overline{\text{MUTE}}$ low during power supply ramp up and down. The pin should be kept low until the input AC-coupling capacitors are fully charged before asserting the $\overline{\text{MUTE}}$ pin high to pre-charge the ac-coupling; and, pop-less power-up is achieved. Figure 10 illustrates the preferred sequence.

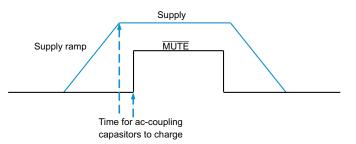


Figure 10. Power-Up Sequence

SLOS700B - JANUARY 2011 - REVISED JUNE 2012



CAPACITIVE LOAD

The TPA6139A2 has the ability to drive a high capacitive load up to 220 pF directly. Higher capacitive loads can be accepted by adding a series resistor of 47 Ω or larger for the line driver output.

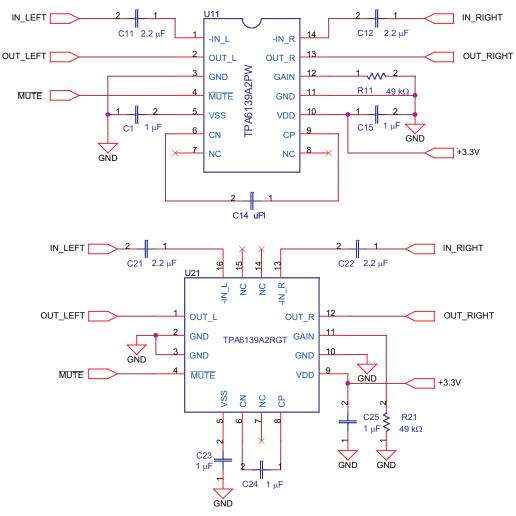
LAYOUT RECOMMENDATIONS

A proposed layout for the TPA6139A2 can be seen in the TPA6139A2EVM User's Guide (SLOU248), and the Gerber files can be downloaded from http://focus.ti.com/docs/toolsw/folders/print/TPA6139A2evm.html. To access this information, open the TPA6139A2 product folder and look in the Tools and Software folder.

Ground traces are recommended to be routed as a star ground to minimize hum interference. VDD, VSS decoupling capacitors and the charge pump capacitors should be connected with short traces.

PIN COMPATIBLE WITH THE DRV612

The TPA6139A2 stereo Headphone amplifier is pin compatible with the DRV612 . A single PCB layout can therefore be used with stuffing options for different board configurations.



APPLICATION CIRCUIT

Figure 11. Single Ended Input and Output, Gain Set to -1.5x



REVISION HISTORY

NOTE: Page numbers in current version may differ from previous versions.

С	Changes from Original (January 2011) to Revision A Page 10 Pag						
•	Changed "2.5-mW" to "25-mW" in Title line and added revision A - May 2011 pub date to Header infomation Changed pin assignment figures to match package outline drawings						
•	Changed conditions statement from " $R_{IN} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$, $R_{fb} = 20 \text{ k}\Omega$ " to "Step = $-2V/V$ " for TYP CHARA, LINE DRIVER section	7					
•	Changed conditions statement from " $R_{IN} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$, $R_{fb} = 20 \text{ k}\Omega$ " to "Step = -2V/V" for TYP CHARA, LINE DRIVER section	8					
c	hanges from Revision A (May 2011) to Revision B	Page					

Changes nom Revision A (way 2011) to Revision B	



11-Apr-2013

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	•	Pins	•	Eco Plan	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Top-Side Markings	Samples
	(1)		Drawing		Qty	(2)		(3)		(4)	
TPA6139A2PW	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14	90	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	TPA6139	Samples
TPA6139A2PWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	TPA6139	Samples
TPA6139A2RGTR	ACTIVE	QFN	RGT	16	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 150	T6139	Samples
TPA6139A2RGTT	ACTIVE	QFN	RGT	16	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 150	T6139	Samples

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

⁽²⁾ Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

⁽⁴⁾ Multiple Top-Side Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Top-Side Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Top-Side Marking for that device.

Important Information and Disclaimer: The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.



PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

11-Apr-2013

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

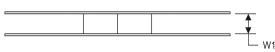
www.ti.com

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

REEL DIMENSIONS

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS





TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

TAPE DIMENSIONS



A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
B0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

*All dimensions are nominal												
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TPA6139A2PWR	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1
TPA6139A2RGTR	QFN	RGT	16	3000	330.0	12.4	3.3	3.3	1.1	8.0	12.0	Q2
TPA6139A2RGTT	QFN	RGT	16	250	180.0	12.4	3.3	3.3	1.1	8.0	12.0	Q2

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

www.ti.com

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

20-Jul-2012



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TPA6139A2PWR	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	367.0	367.0	35.0
TPA6139A2RGTR	QFN	RGT	16	3000	367.0	367.0	35.0
TPA6139A2RGTT	QFN	RGT	16	250	210.0	185.0	35.0

PW (R-PDSO-G14)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



A. An integration of the information o

Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0,15 each side.

Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0,25 each side.

E. Falls within JEDEC MO-153



PW (R-PDSO-G14)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
- E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.



MECHANICAL DATA



- Quad Flatpack, No-leads (QFN) package configuration. C. D.
- The package thermal pad must be soldered to the board for thermal and mechanical performance. E. See the additional figure in the Product Data Sheet for details regarding the exposed thermal pad features and dimensions.
- F. Falls within JEDEC MO-220.



RGT (S-PVQFN-N16)

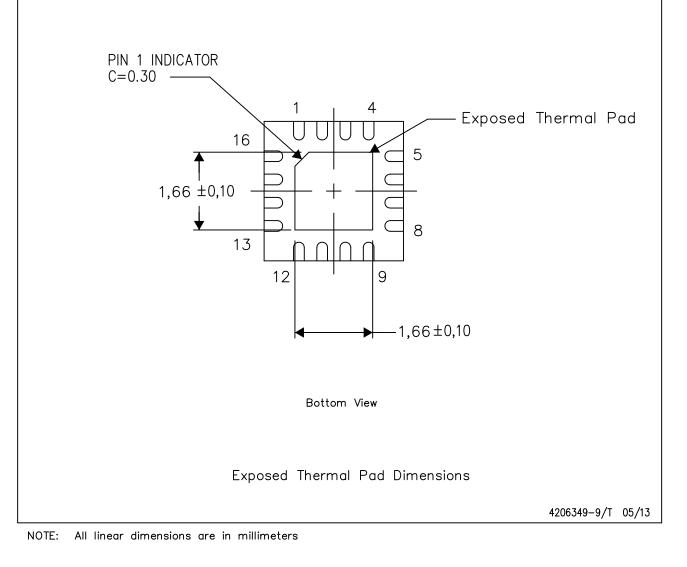
PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK NO-LEAD

THERMAL INFORMATION

This package incorporates an exposed thermal pad that is designed to be attached directly to an external heatsink. The thermal pad must be soldered directly to the printed circuit board (PCB). After soldering, the PCB can be used as a heatsink. In addition, through the use of thermal vias, the thermal pad can be attached directly to the appropriate copper plane shown in the electrical schematic for the device, or alternatively, can be attached to a special heatsink structure designed into the PCB. This design optimizes the heat transfer from the integrated circuit (IC).

For information on the Quad Flatpack No-Lead (QFN) package and its advantages, refer to Application Report, QFN/SON PCB Attachment, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLUA271. This document is available at www.ti.com.

The exposed thermal pad dimensions for this package are shown in the following illustration.





IMPORTANT NOTICE

Texas Instruments Incorporated and its subsidiaries (TI) reserve the right to make corrections, enhancements, improvements and other changes to its semiconductor products and services per JESD46, latest issue, and to discontinue any product or service per JESD48, latest issue. Buyers should obtain the latest relevant information before placing orders and should verify that such information is current and complete. All semiconductor products (also referred to herein as "components") are sold subject to TI's terms and conditions of sale supplied at the time of order acknowledgment.

TI warrants performance of its components to the specifications applicable at the time of sale, in accordance with the warranty in TI's terms and conditions of sale of semiconductor products. Testing and other quality control techniques are used to the extent TI deems necessary to support this warranty. Except where mandated by applicable law, testing of all parameters of each component is not necessarily performed.

TI assumes no liability for applications assistance or the design of Buyers' products. Buyers are responsible for their products and applications using TI components. To minimize the risks associated with Buyers' products and applications, Buyers should provide adequate design and operating safeguards.

TI does not warrant or represent that any license, either express or implied, is granted under any patent right, copyright, mask work right, or other intellectual property right relating to any combination, machine, or process in which TI components or services are used. Information published by TI regarding third-party products or services does not constitute a license to use such products or services or a warranty or endorsement thereof. Use of such information may require a license from a third party under the patents or other intellectual property of the third party, or a license from TI under the patents or other intellectual property of TI.

Reproduction of significant portions of TI information in TI data books or data sheets is permissible only if reproduction is without alteration and is accompanied by all associated warranties, conditions, limitations, and notices. TI is not responsible or liable for such altered documentation. Information of third parties may be subject to additional restrictions.

Resale of TI components or services with statements different from or beyond the parameters stated by TI for that component or service voids all express and any implied warranties for the associated TI component or service and is an unfair and deceptive business practice. TI is not responsible or liable for any such statements.

Buyer acknowledges and agrees that it is solely responsible for compliance with all legal, regulatory and safety-related requirements concerning its products, and any use of TI components in its applications, notwithstanding any applications-related information or support that may be provided by TI. Buyer represents and agrees that it has all the necessary expertise to create and implement safeguards which anticipate dangerous consequences of failures, monitor failures and their consequences, lessen the likelihood of failures that might cause harm and take appropriate remedial actions. Buyer will fully indemnify TI and its representatives against any damages arising out of the use of any TI components in safety-critical applications.

In some cases, TI components may be promoted specifically to facilitate safety-related applications. With such components, TI's goal is to help enable customers to design and create their own end-product solutions that meet applicable functional safety standards and requirements. Nonetheless, such components are subject to these terms.

No TI components are authorized for use in FDA Class III (or similar life-critical medical equipment) unless authorized officers of the parties have executed a special agreement specifically governing such use.

Only those TI components which TI has specifically designated as military grade or "enhanced plastic" are designed and intended for use in military/aerospace applications or environments. Buyer acknowledges and agrees that any military or aerospace use of TI components which have *not* been so designated is solely at the Buyer's risk, and that Buyer is solely responsible for compliance with all legal and regulatory requirements in connection with such use.

TI has specifically designated certain components as meeting ISO/TS16949 requirements, mainly for automotive use. In any case of use of non-designated products, TI will not be responsible for any failure to meet ISO/TS16949.

Products		Applications				
Audio	www.ti.com/audio	Automotive and Transportation	www.ti.com/automotive			
Amplifiers	amplifier.ti.com	Communications and Telecom	www.ti.com/communications			
Data Converters	dataconverter.ti.com	Computers and Peripherals	www.ti.com/computers			
DLP® Products	www.dlp.com	Consumer Electronics	www.ti.com/consumer-apps			
DSP	dsp.ti.com	Energy and Lighting	www.ti.com/energy			
Clocks and Timers	www.ti.com/clocks	Industrial	www.ti.com/industrial			
Interface	interface.ti.com	Medical	www.ti.com/medical			
Logic	logic.ti.com	Security	www.ti.com/security			
Power Mgmt	power.ti.com	Space, Avionics and Defense	www.ti.com/space-avionics-defense			
Microcontrollers	microcontroller.ti.com	Video and Imaging	www.ti.com/video			
RFID	www.ti-rfid.com					
OMAP Applications Processors	www.ti.com/omap	TI E2E Community	e2e.ti.com			
Wireless Connectivity	www.ti.com/wirelessconnectivity					

Mailing Address: Texas Instruments, Post Office Box 655303, Dallas, Texas 75265 Copyright © 2013, Texas Instruments Incorporated

Mouser Electronics

Authorized Distributor

Click to View Pricing, Inventory, Delivery & Lifecycle Information:

Texas Instruments: <u>TPA6139A2RGTT</u> <u>TPA6139A2RGTR</u>