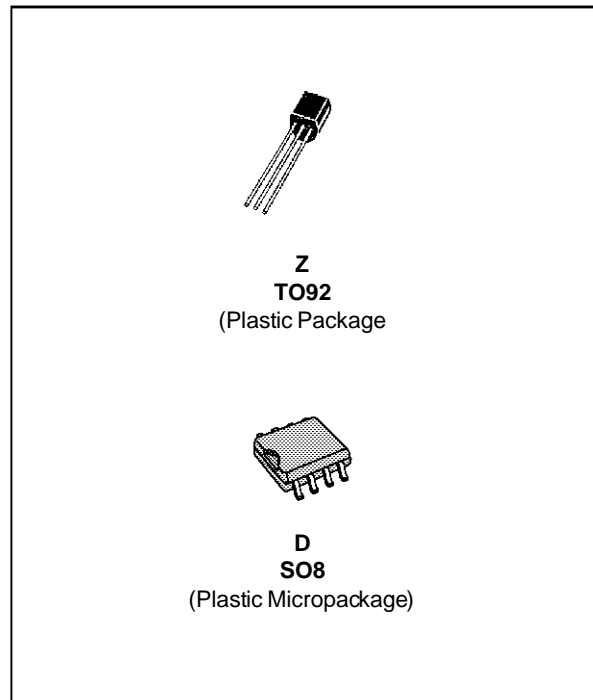


## PRECISION TEMPERATURE SENSORS

- DIRECTLY CALIBRATED IN °K
- 1°C INITIAL ACCURACY
- OPERATES FROM 450µA TO 5mA
- LESS THAN 1Ω DYNAMIC IMPEDANCE

### DESCRIPTION

The LM135, LM235, LM335 are precision temperature sensors which can be easily calibrated. They operate as a 2-terminal Zener and the breakdown voltage is directly proportional to the absolute temperature at 10mV/°K. The circuit has a dynamic impedance of less than 1Ω and operates within a range of current from 450µA to 5mA without alteration of its characteristics. Calibrated at +25°C, the LM135, LM235, LM335 have a typical error of less than 1°C over a 100°C temperature range. Unlike other sensors, the LM135, LM235, LM335 have a linear output.

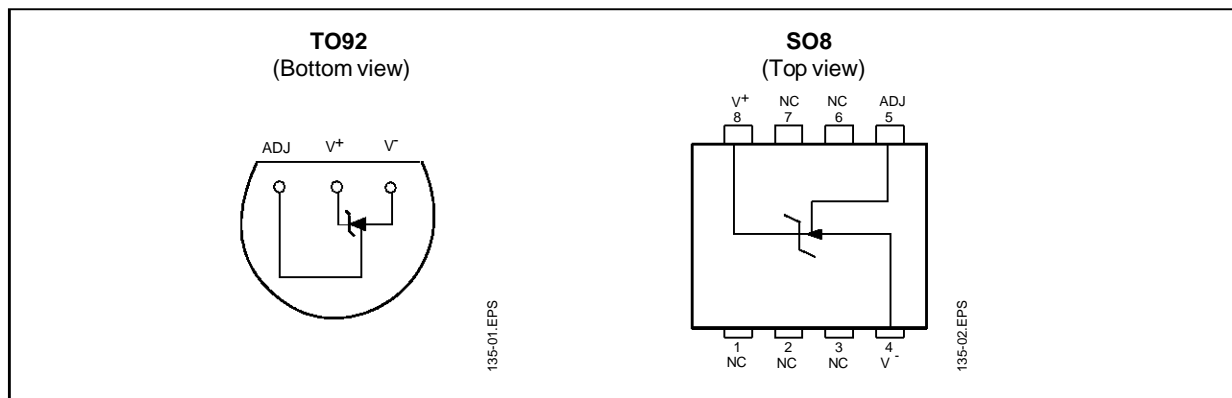


### ORDER CODES

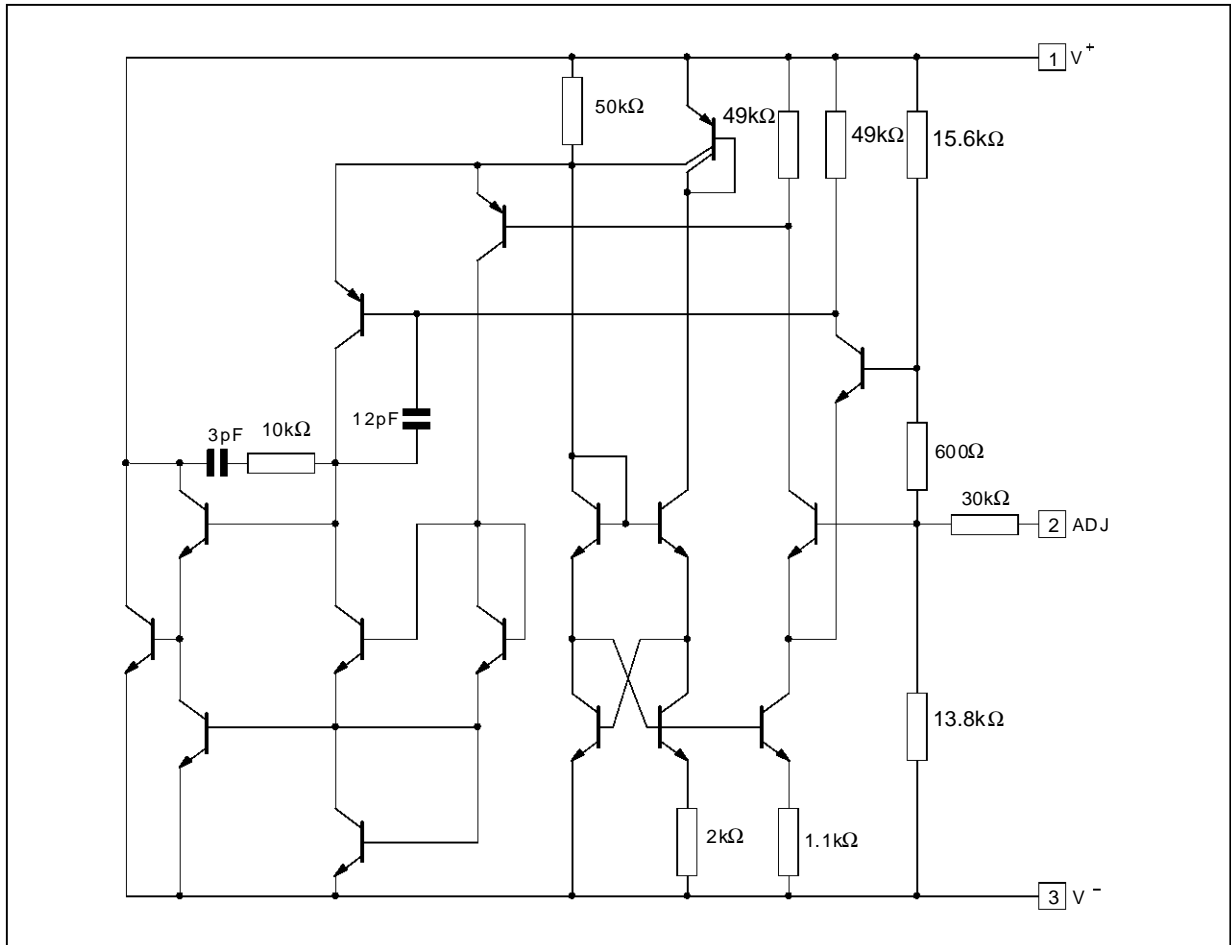
Part number	Temperature Range	Package	
		Z	D
LM135	-55°C, +150°C	•	•
LM235	-40°C, +125°C	•	•
LM335,A	-40°C, +100°C	•	•

135-01.TBL

### PIN CONNECTIONS



**SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM**



135-03.EPS

**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Symbol	Parameter	LM135	LM235	LM335,A	Unit
$I_R$ $I_F$	Current Reverse Forward	15 10	15 10	15 10	mA
$T_{oper}$	Operating Free-air Temperature Range - (note 1) Continuous Intermittent	-55 to +150 +150 to +200	-40 to +125 +125 to +150	-40 to +100 +100 to +125	°C
$T_{stg}$	Storage Temperature Range	-65 to +150	-65 to +150	-65 to +150	°C

Note : 1.  $T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$

135-02.TBL

**TEMPERATURE ACCURACY**

Parameter	LM135 - LM235 LM335A			LM335			Unit
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Operating Output Voltage $T_{case} = +25^{\circ}C, I_R = 1mA$	2.95	2.98	3.01	2.92	2.98	3.04	V
Uncalibrated Temperature Error ( $I_R = 1mA$ ) $T_{case} = +25^{\circ}C$ $T_{min.} \leq T_{case} \leq T_{max.}$		1 2	3 5		2 4	6 9	$^{\circ}C$
Temperature Error with $25^{\circ}C$ Calibration $T_{min.} \leq T_{case} \leq T_{max.}, I_R = 1mA$							$^{\circ}C$
LM135 - LM235		0.5	1.5		1	2	
LM335							
LM335A		0.5	1				
Calibrated Error at Extended Temperature $T_{case} = T_{max.}$ (intermittent)		2			2		$^{\circ}C$
Non-linearity ( $I_R = 1mA$ )							$^{\circ}C$
LM135 - LM235		0.3	1				
LM335					0.3	1.5	
LM335A		0.3	1.5				

135-03.TBL

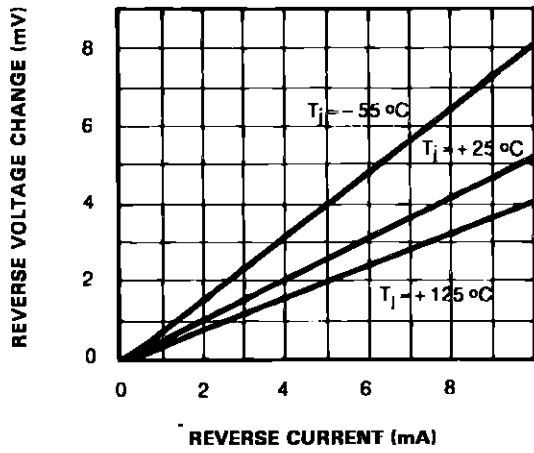
**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS - (note 1)**

Parameter	LM135 - LM235			LM335,A			Unit
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Operating output voltage change with current $450\mu A \leq I_R \leq 5mA$ at constant temperature		2.5	10		3	14	mV
Dynamic Impedance ( $I_R = 1mA$ )		0.5			0.6		$\Omega$
Output Voltage Temperature Drift		+10			+10		mV/ $^{\circ}C$
Time Constant							s
Still Air		80			80		
Air 0.5m/s		10			10		
Stirred Oil		1			1		
Time Stability ( $T_{case} = +125^{\circ}C$ )		0.2			0.2		$^{\circ}C/kh$

135-04.TBL

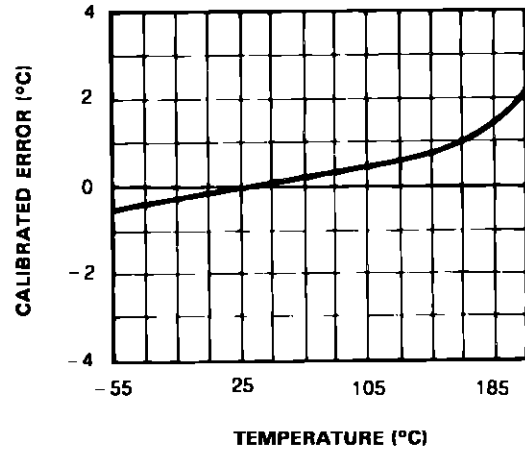
Note : 1. Accuracy measurements are made in a well-stirred oil bath. For other conditions, self heating must be considered.

REVERSE VOLTAGE CHANGE



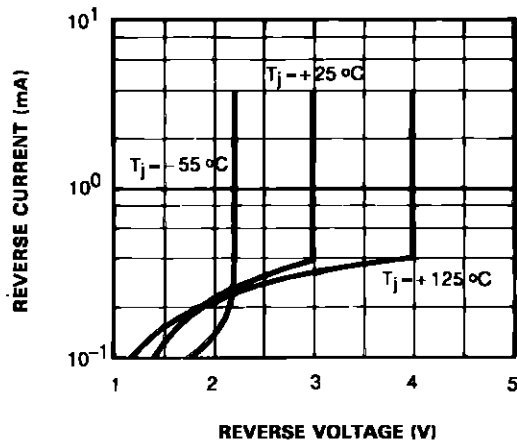
135-04.EPS

CALIBRATED ERROR



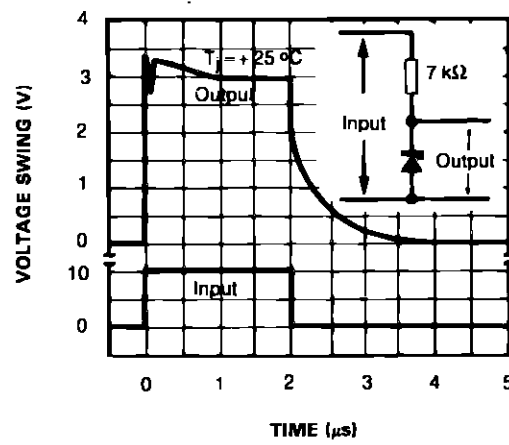
135-06.EPS

REVERSE CHARACTERISTICS



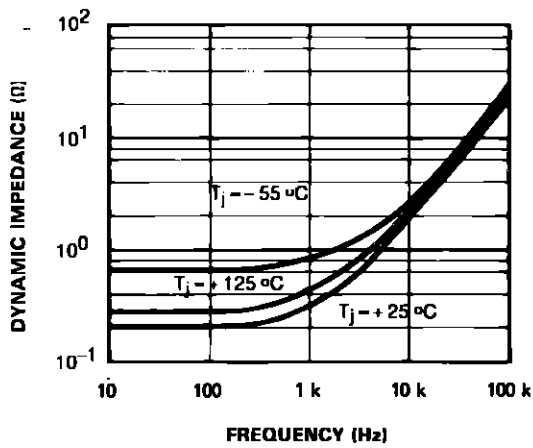
135-06.EPS

RESPONSE TIME



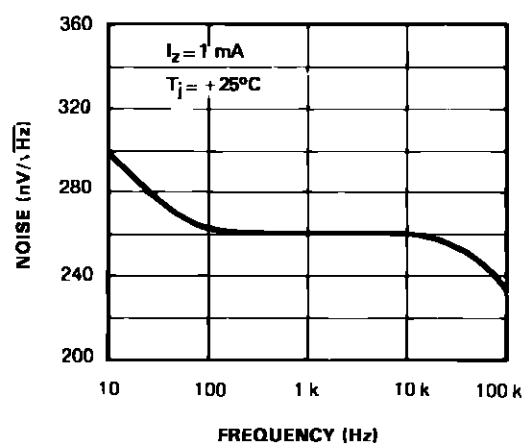
135-07.EPS

DYNAMIC IMPEDANCE



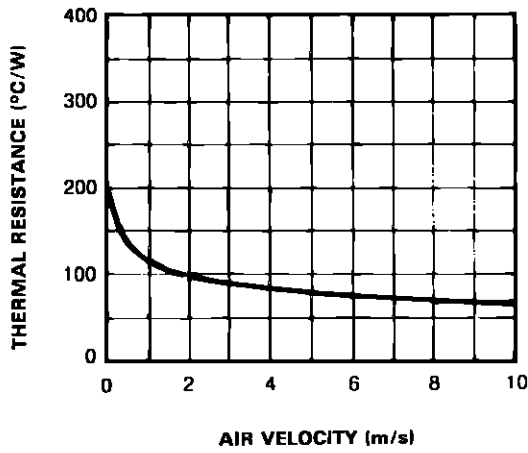
135-08.EPS

NOISE VOLTAGE



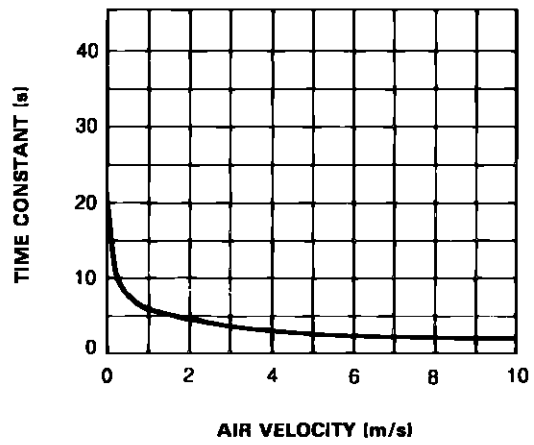
135-09.EPS

THERMAL RESISTANCE JUNCTION TO AIR



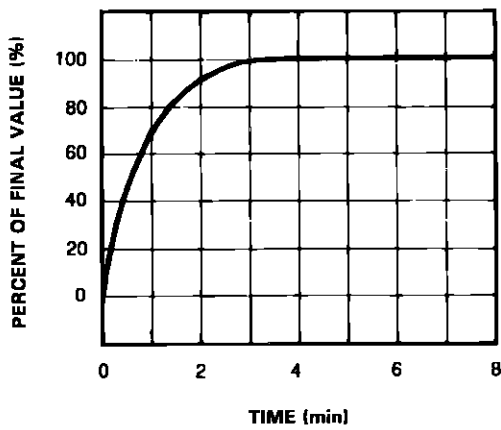
135-10.EPS

THERMAL TIME CONSTANT



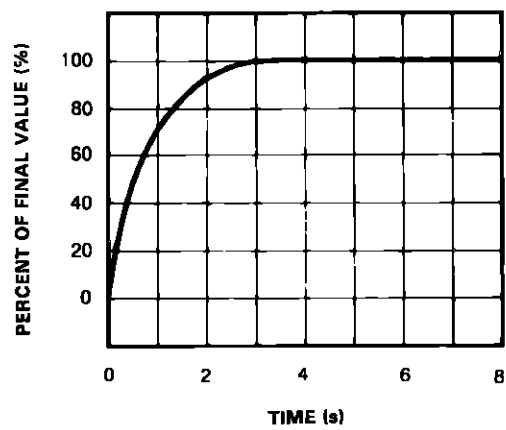
135-11.EPS

THERMAL RESPONSE IN STILL AIR



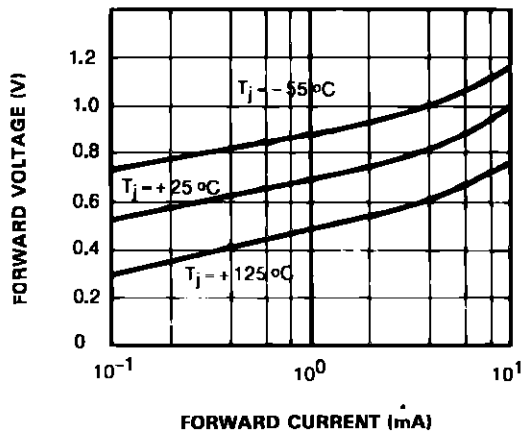
135-12.EPS

THERMAL RESPONSE IN STIRRED OIL BATH



135-13.EPS

FORWARD CHARACTERISTICS



135-14.EPS

**APPLICATION HINTS**

There is an easy method of calibrating the device for higher accuracies (see typical applications).

The single point calibration works because the output of the LM135, LM235, LM335 is proportional to the absolute temperature with the extrapolated output of sensor going to 0V at 0°K (-273.15°C). Errors in output voltage versus temperature are only slope. Thus a calibration of the slope at one temperature corrects errors at all temperatures.

The output of the circuit (calibrated or not) can be given by the equation :  $V_{OT} = V_{OT0} \times \frac{T}{T_0}$

where T is the unknown temperature and T<sub>0</sub> is the reference temperature (in °K).

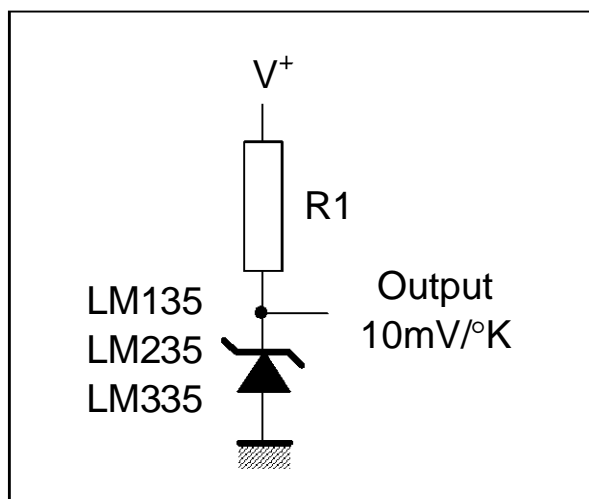
Nominally the output is calibrated at 10mV/°K.

Precautions should be taken to ensure good sensing accuracy. As in the case of all temperatures sensors, self heating can decrease accuracy. The LM135, LM235, LM335 should operate with a low current, but sufficient to drive the sensor and its calibration circuit to their maximum operating temperature.

If the sensor is used in surroundings where the thermal resistance is constant, the errors due to self heating can be externally calibrated. This is possible if the circuit is biased with a temperature stable current. Heating will then be proportional to zener voltage and therefore temperature. In this way the error due to self heating is proportional to the absolute temperature as scale factor errors.

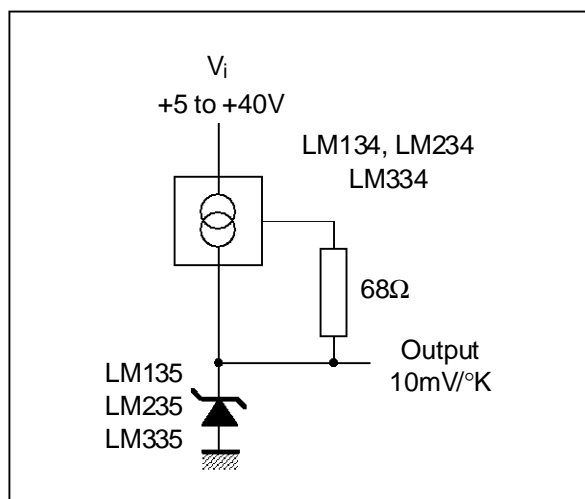
**TYPICAL APPLICATIONS**

**BASIC TEMPERATURE SENSOR**



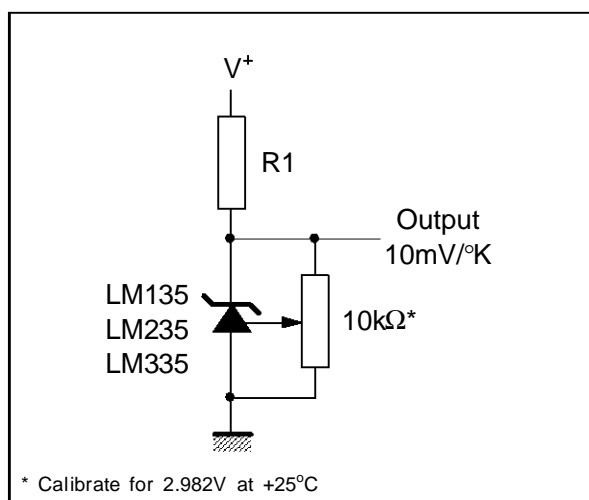
135-15.EPS

**WIDE OPERATING SUPPLY**



135-16.EPS

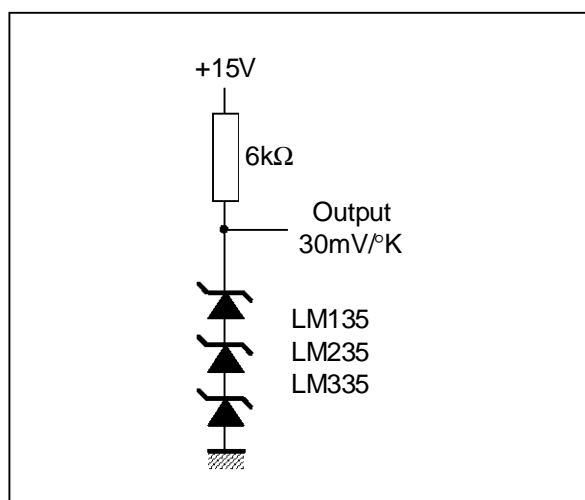
**CALIBRATED SENSOR**



\* Calibrate for 2.982V at +25°C

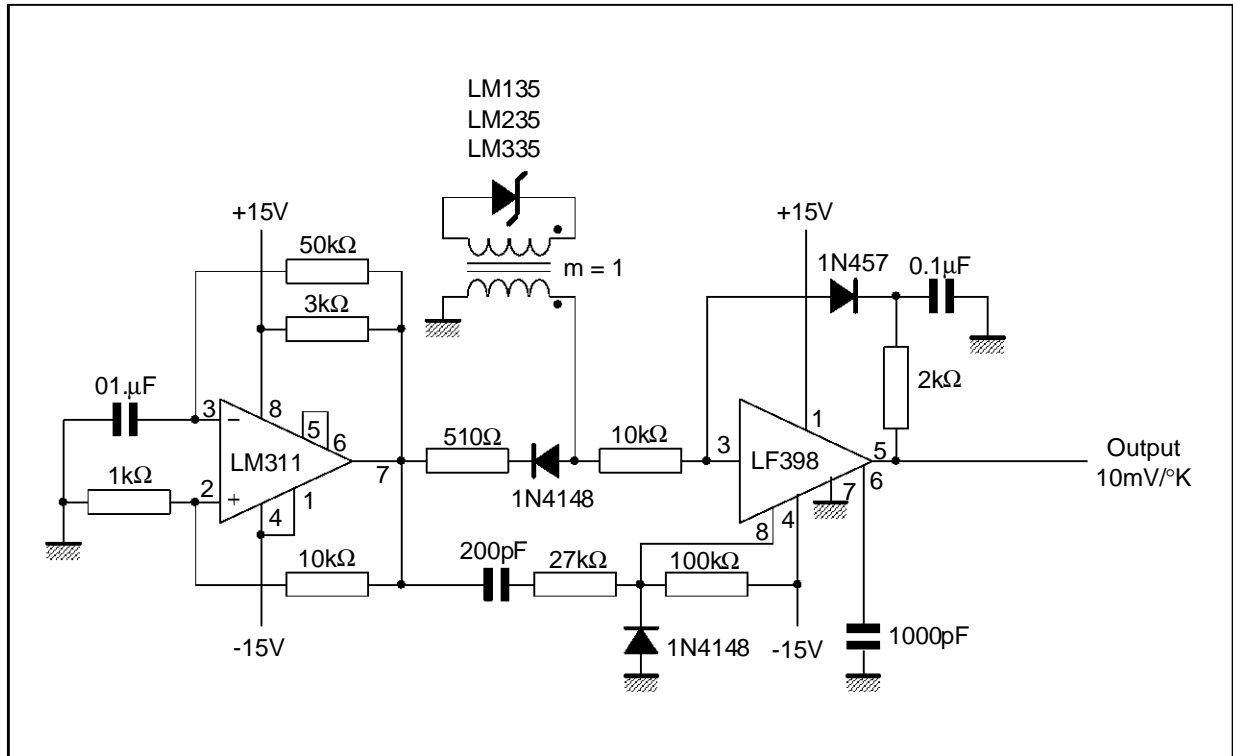
135-17.EPS

**AVERAGE TEMPERATURE SENSING**



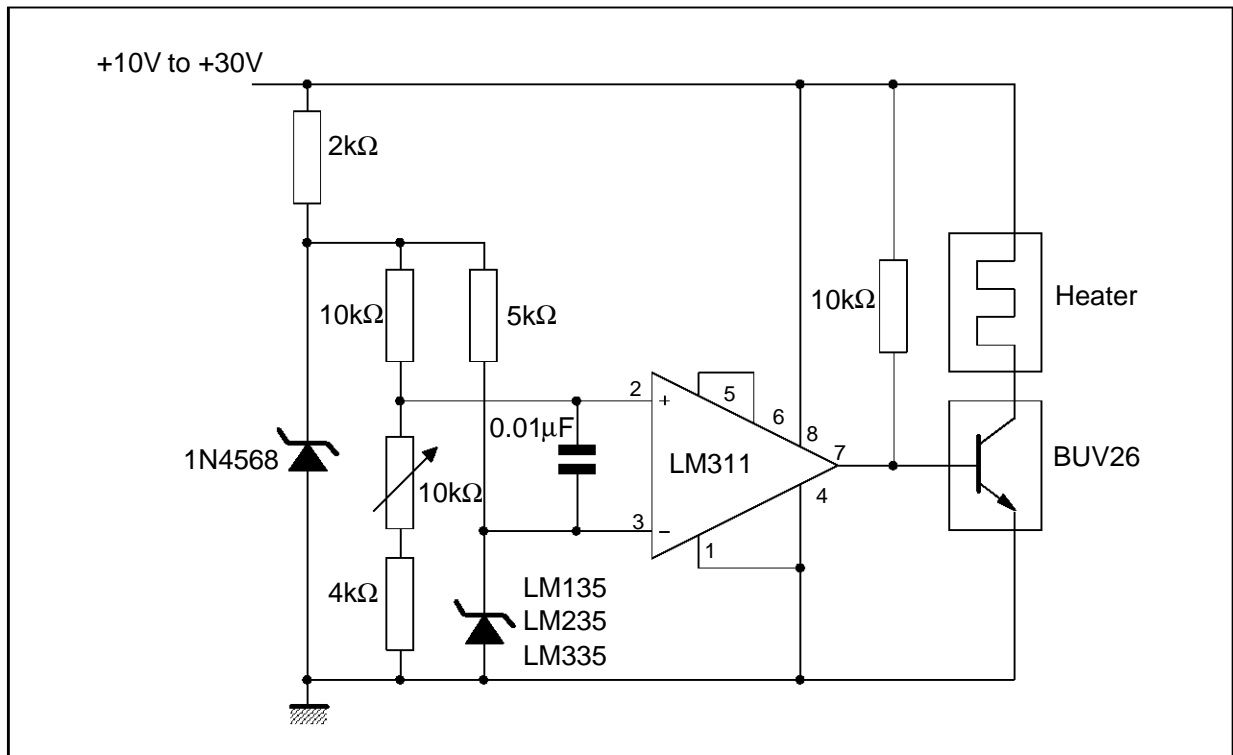
135-18.EPS

ISOLATED TEMPERATURE SENSOR



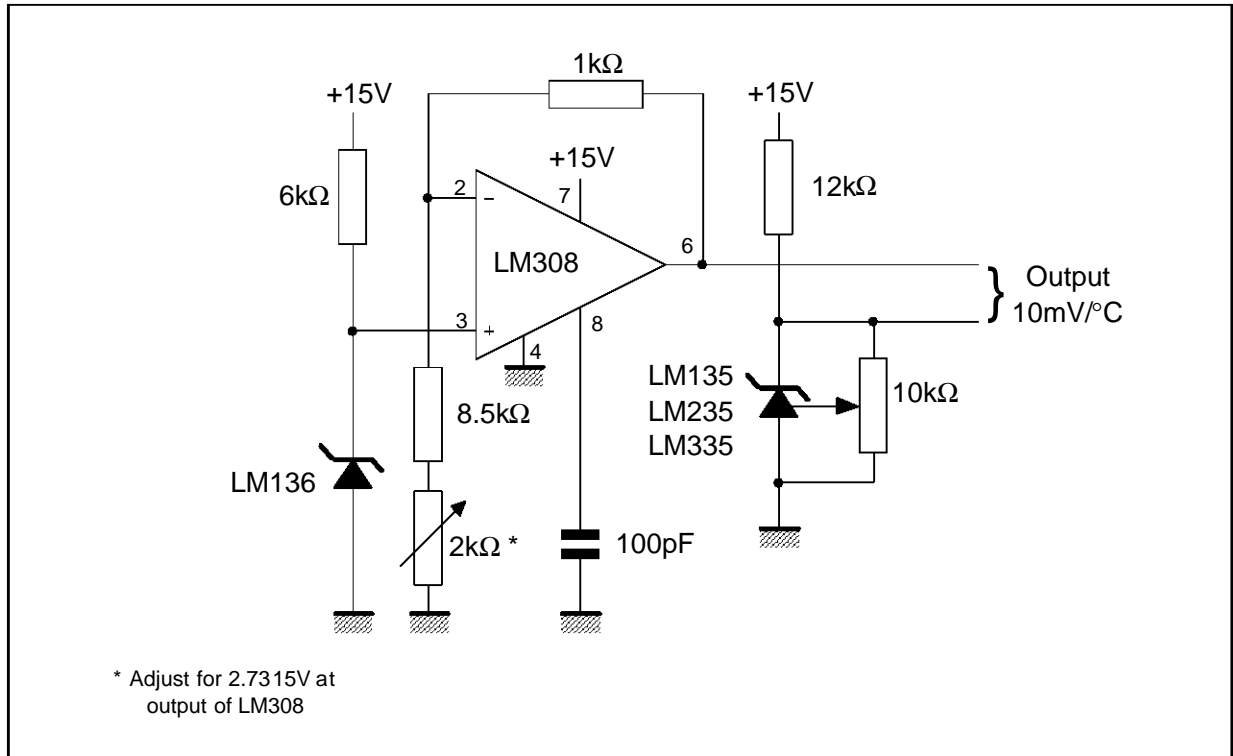
135-19:EPS

SIMPLE TEMPERATURE CONTROLLER



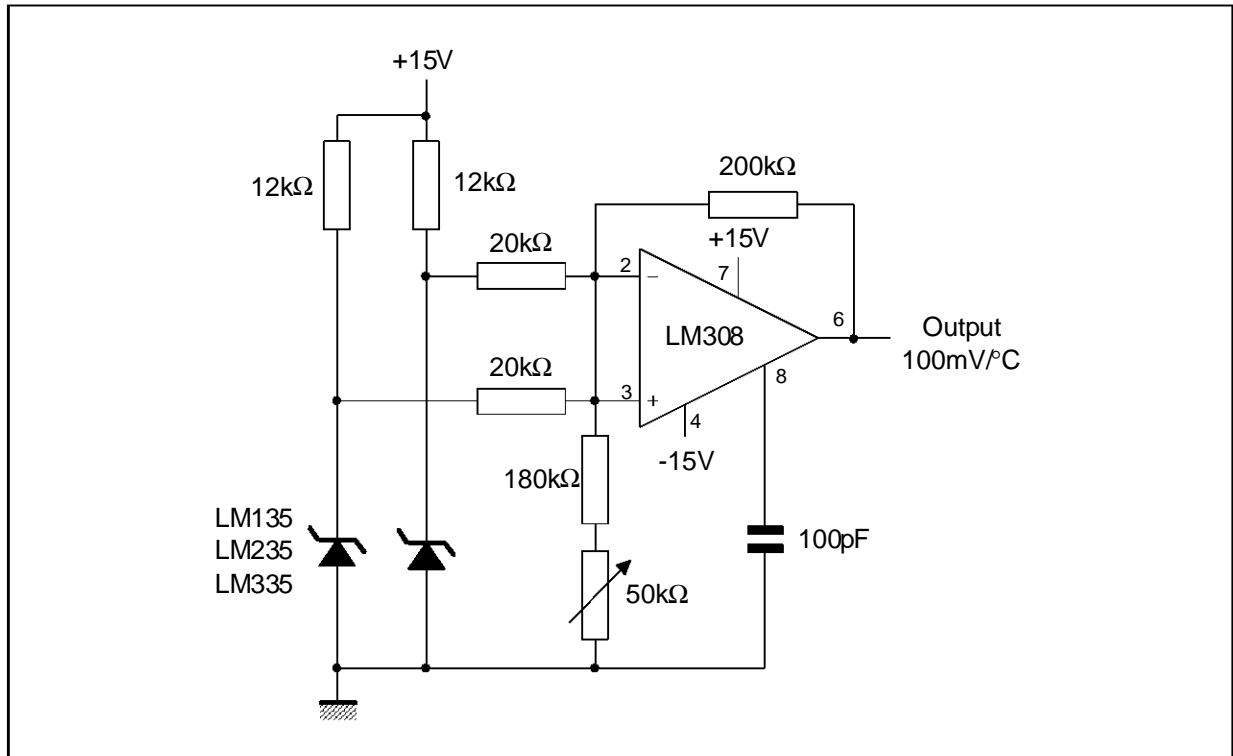
135-20:EPS

CENTIGRADE THERMOMETER



135-21.EPS

DIFFERENTIAL TEMPERATURE SENSOR



135-22.EPS



THERMOCOUPLE COLD JUNCTION COMPENSATION  
(compensation for grounded thermocouple)

Thermo-couple	R3	Seebeck Coefficient
J	377Ω	52.3μV/°C
T	308Ω	42.8μV/°C
K	293Ω	40.8μV/°C
S	45.8Ω	6.4μV/°C

Adjustments : compensates for both sensor and resistor tolerances.

1. Short 1N4568.
2. Adjust R1 for SEEBECK coefficient times ambient temperature (in degrees K) across R3.
3. Short LM135 and adjust R2 for voltage across R3 corresponding to thermocouple type.
 

J 14.32mV	K 11.17mV
T 11.79mV	S 1.768mV

\* Select R3 for proper thermocouple type

135-23.EPS

SINGLE POWER SUPPLY COLD JUNCTION COMPENSATION

Thermo-couple	R3	R4	Seebeck Coefficient
J	1.05kΩ	365Ω	52.3μV/°C
T	856Ω	315Ω	42.8μV/°C
K	816Ω	300Ω	40.8μV/°C
S	128Ω	46.3Ω	6.4μV/°C

Adjustments :

1. Adjust R1 for the voltage across R3 equal to the SEEBECK coefficient times ambient temperature in degrees Kelvin.
2. Adjust R2 for voltage across R4 corresponding to thermocouple.
 

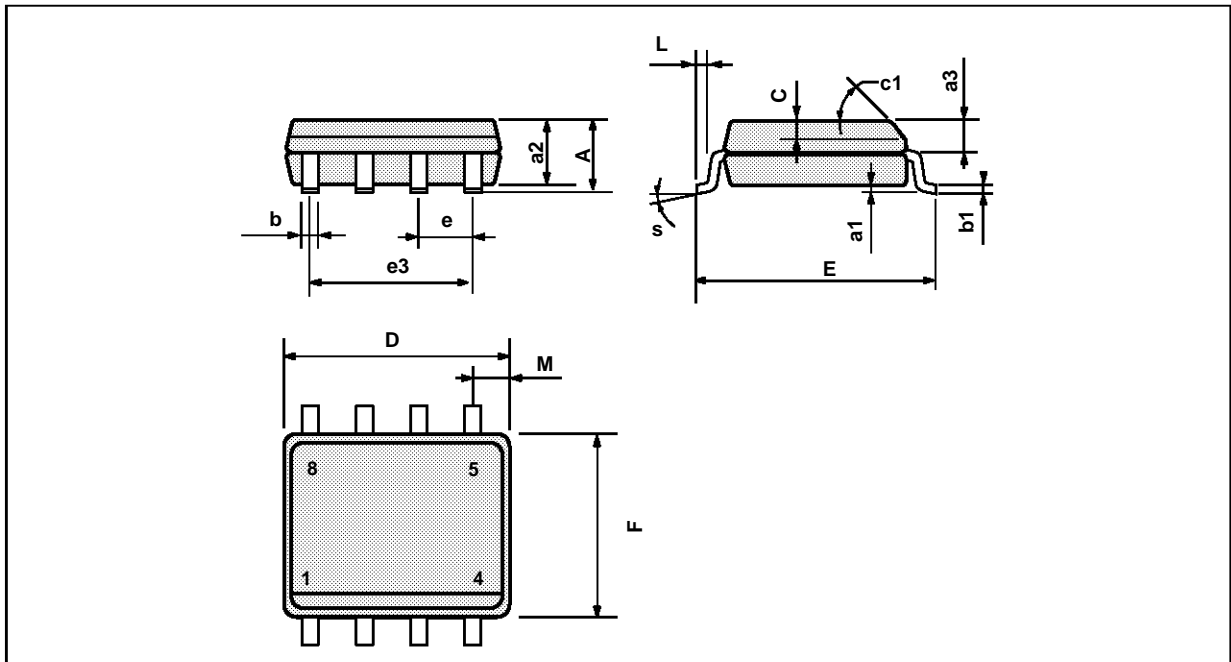
J 14.32mV	K 11.17mV
T 11.79mV	S 1.768mV

\* Select R3 and R4 for proper thermocouple

135-24.EPS

LM135-LM235-LM335,A

PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA  
8 PINS - PLASTIC MICROPACKAGE (SO)

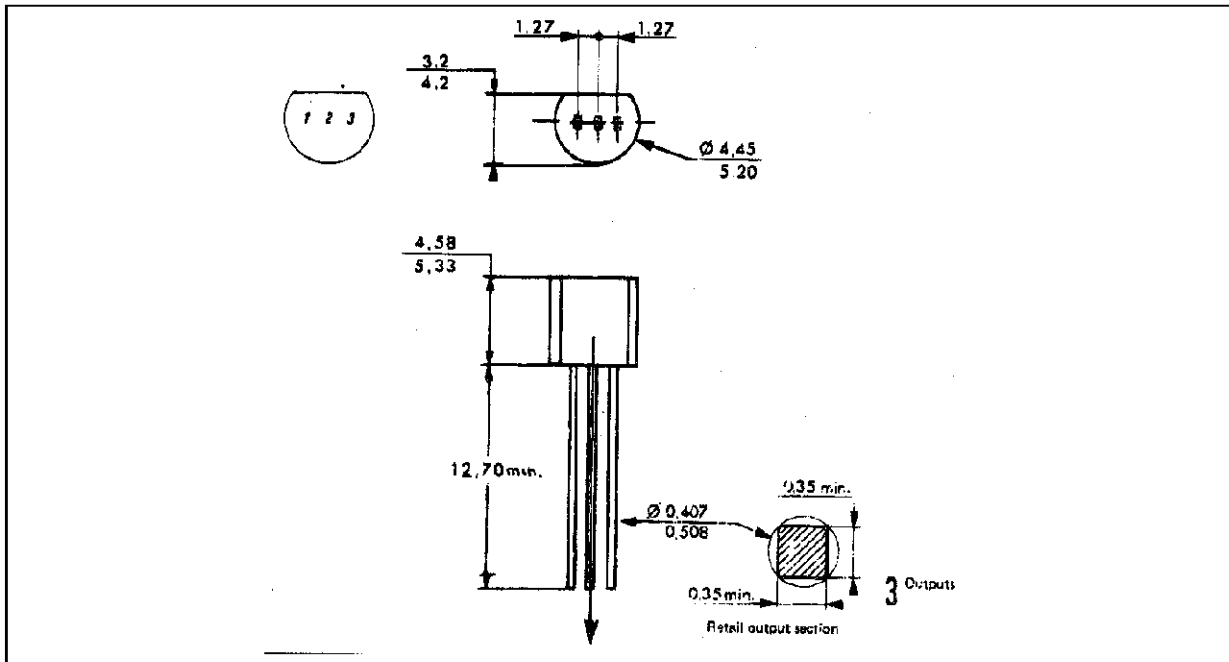


PM-S08 EPS

Dimensions	Millimeters			Inches		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.
A			1.75			0.069
a1	0.1		0.25	0.004		0.010
a2			1.65			0.065
a3	0.65		0.85	0.026		0.033
b	0.35		0.48	0.014		0.019
b1	0.19		0.25	0.007		0.010
C	0.25		0.5	0.010		0.020
c1	45° (typ.)					
D	4.8		5.0	0.189		0.197
E	5.8		6.2	0.228		0.244
e		1.27			0.050	
e3		3.81			0.150	
F	3.8		4.0	0.150		0.157
L	0.4		1.27	0.016		0.050
M			0.6			0.024
S	8° (max.)					

S08.TBL

**PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA**  
3 PINS - PLASTIC PACKAGE TO92



Dimensions	Millimeters			Inches		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.
L		1.27			0.05	
B	3.2	3.7	4.2	0.126	0.1457	0.1654
O1	4.45	5.00	5.2	0.1752	0.1969	0.2047
C	4.58	5.03	5.33	0.1803	0.198	0.2098
K	12.7			0.5		
O2	0.407	0.5	0.508	0.016	0.0197	0.02
a	0.35			0.0138		

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